

Financial Statements

Financial Statements

With Auditors' Report Thereon

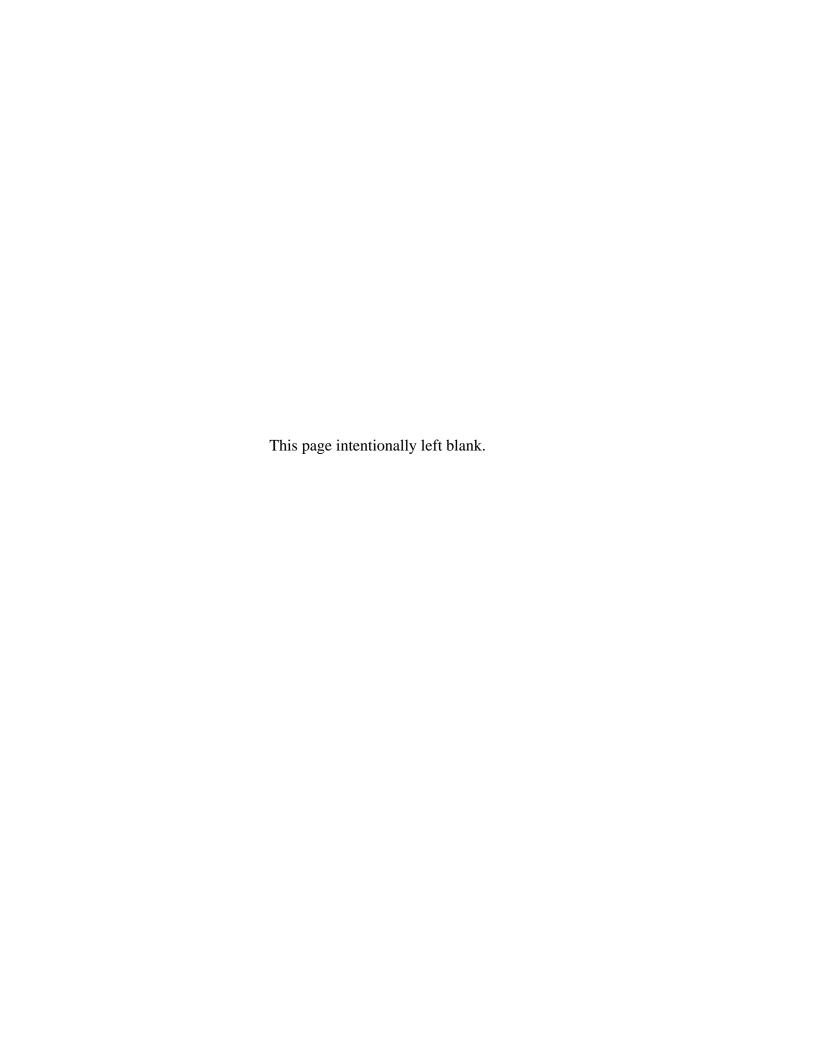


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FINANCIAL SECTION

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Ulrich & Associates, PC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable County Commission Tooele County, Utah

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tooele County, Utah, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The financial statements of Tooele County Recreation Special Service District have not been audited, and we were not engaged to audit Tooele County Recreation Special Service District financial statements as part of our audit of Tooele County, Utah's basic financial statements. Tooele County Recreation Special Service District's financial activities are included in Tooele County, Utah's basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tooele County, Utah as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the information about infrastructure assets reported using the modified approach, other postemployment benefit plan - schedule of funding progress, pension related information, and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Tooele County, Utah's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, combining internal service fund financial statements, Statement of Receipts and Disbursements, and the Schedule of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Distributed are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statementss.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Change in Accounting Principle

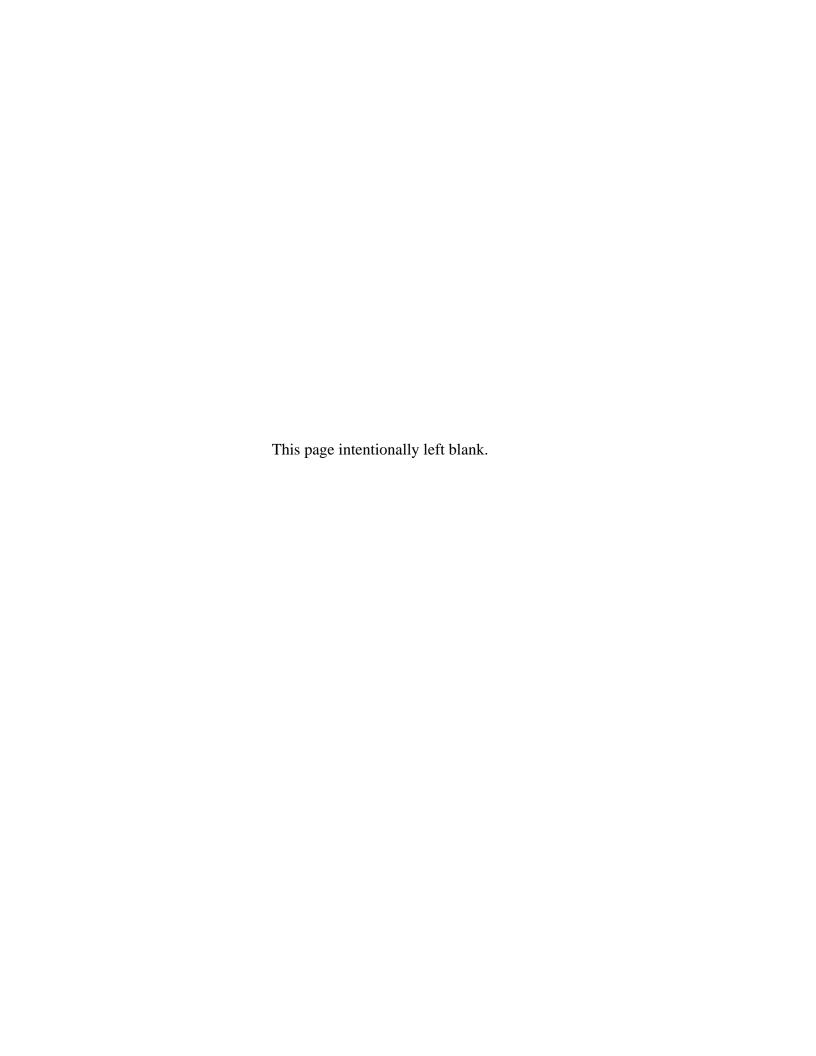
As discussed in the notes to the financial statements, in 2015 the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 1, 2016, on our consideration of Tooele County, Utah's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Tooele County, Utah's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ulrich + Associates, P.C.

Ogden, UT July 20, 2016



Tooele County, Utah Management Discussion & Analysis December 31, 2015

This discussion of Tooele County's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ending December 31, 2015. This report is in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

The purpose of the County is to provide general services to its residents, which include general government, public safety, public health, highways and public improvements, parks and recreation, and economic development. Additional services provided to residents in the unincorporated areas include road maintenance and fire control.

Financial Highlights

- The government-wide assets of Tooele County exceeded its liabilities as of the close of the most recent year by \$113,712,997 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$11,270,292 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total government-wide net position increased by \$6,379,688.
- At the close of the current year, the Tooele County governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,253,265, an increase of \$3,770,857 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 38% of the ending fund balance, \$6,636,238 is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$6,636,238 or 31% of total general fund expenditures.
- Tooele County's total long-term liabilities at the close of 2015 was \$39,064,899. This represents a 7% decrease over the prior year, which is attributable to reduction in outstanding principal from debt service payments and reductions in pension and other post employment benefits based on independent determinations.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Tooele County's basic financial statements. Tooele County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and, 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Management Discussion & Analysis - continued

December 31, 2015

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Tooele County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of Tooele County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in *net position* may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Tooele County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Tooele County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of Tooele County include general government, public safety, public health, highways and public improvements, parks and recreation, and economic development. The business-type activities of Tooele County include the recreation complex, the solid waste operation, and the airport.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Tooele County itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate special service district for recreation, for which Tooele County is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Tooele County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Tooele County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Management Discussion & Analysis - continued

December 31, 2015

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

Tooele County maintains thirteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the human services fund, the public health fund, the road maintenance fund, and the municipal services fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eight governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Tooele County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund, major special revenue funds, and the capital project fund to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

Tooele County maintains three types of proprietary funds--enterprise funds and two types of Internal Service funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Tooele County uses enterprise funds to account for its recreation complex, landfill, and airport operations. *Internal Service* funds are presented as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements and are used to account for the central stores and service equipment operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Deseret Peak, Solid Waste, and Airport, which are all considered to be major Proprietary funds of Tooele County.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic proprietary fund financial statements.

Management Discussion & Analysis - continued

December 31, 2015

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the county government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support Tooele County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. However, the County reports only agency funds, for which the accounting does not present results of operations.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic fiduciary fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required* supplementary information concerning Tooele County.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and the enterprise fund is presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Tooele County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$113,712,997 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of Tooele County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Tooele County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Tooele County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Tooele County, Utah Management Discussion & Analysis - continued December 31, 2015

Tooele County's Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-type	Activities	Total	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 22,040,796	16,520,776	4,864,069	4,084,048	26,904,865	20,604,824
Capital assets	91,469,786	90,703,324	36,829,790	37,564,708	128,299,576	128,268,032
Total assets	113,510,582	107,224,100	41,693,859	41,648,756	155,204,441	148,872,856
Deferred Outflows	2,286,644		203,532	-	2,490,176	
Liabilities						
Long-term liabilities outstanding	25,720,963	26,455,566	1,664,074	857,175	27,385,037	27,312,741
Other liabilities	12,958,423	7,653,296	2,704,738	3,057,368	15,663,161	10,710,664
Total liabilities	38,679,386	34,108,862	4,368,812	3,914,543	43,048,198	38,023,405
Deferred Inflows	857,130		76,292		933,422	
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	65,748,823	64,247,758	30,970,865	26,053,053	96,719,688	90,300,811
Restricted	4,766,735	4,971,594	324,984	951,025	5,091,719	5,922,619
Unrestricted	5,745,152	3,895,886	6,156,438	10,730,135	11,901,590	14,626,021
Total net position	\$ 76,260,710	73,115,238	37,452,287	37,734,213	113,712,997	110,849,451

A portion of Tooele County's net position (4.48%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position in the amount of \$11,901,590 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the year, Tooele County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior year.

Tooele County, Utah Management Discussion & Analysis - continued December 31, 2015

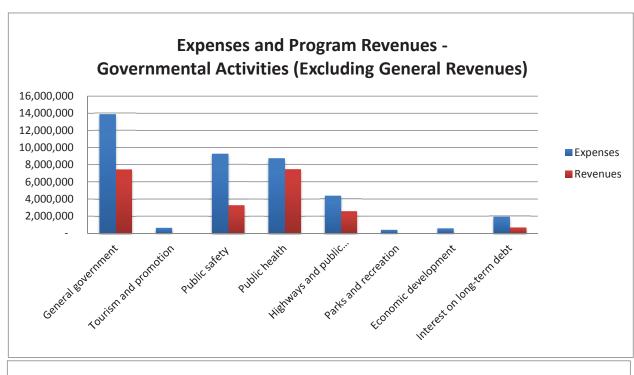
Governmental Activities

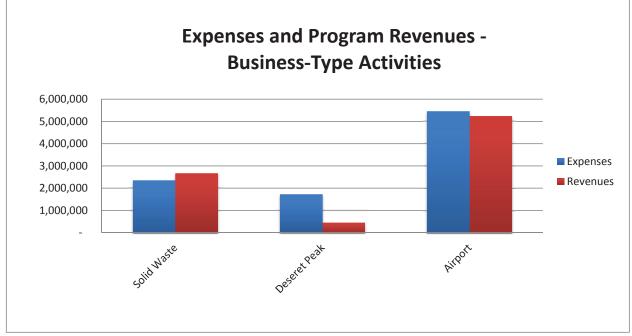
Governmental activities increased Tooele County's net position by \$6,266,611 and the Business-type activities increased net position by \$113,077. The net increase in total net position was \$7,388,315. Key elements of this net increase are as follows:

Tooele County's Net Position

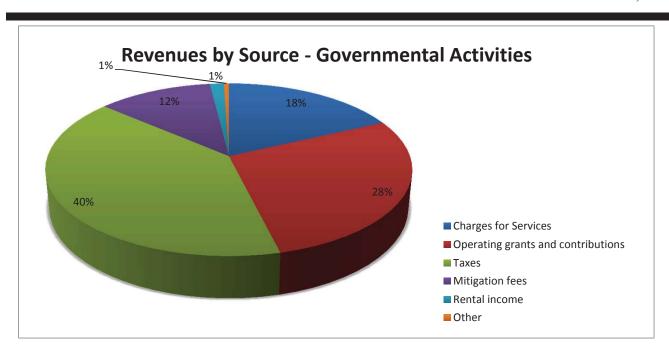
Revenues:	•						
Revenues: Program Revenues: Charges for Services S	<u>-</u>	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-type	Activities	То	tal
Program Revenues: Charges for Services \$8,436,189 8,648,197 6,644,660 7,072,336 15,080,849 15,720,533 15,080,849 15,720,533 17,16286 13,132,609 11,581,575 13,132,609 11,581,575 13,132,609 11,581,575 13,132,609 11,581,575 13,132,609 11,581,575 13,132,609 11,581,575 13,132,609 11,581,575 13,132,609 11,581,575 13,132,609 11,581,575 13,132,609 11,581,575 13,132,609 11,581,575 13,132,609 11,581,575 13,132,609 11,581,575 18,779,053 16,156,470 18,779,053 16,156,470 18,779,053 16,156,470 12,485 11,144 121,425 41,863 41,86		2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Charges for Services \$ 8,436,189 8,648,197 6,644,660 7,072,336 15,080,849 15,720,533 Operating grants and contributions 13,132,609 11,581,575 - - 13,132,609 11,581,575 Capital grants and contributions - - 1,716,286 4,803,536 1,716,286 4,803,536 General Revenues: Taxes 18,779,053 16,156,470 - - 18,779,053 16,156,470 Earnings on investments 93,041 30,149 28,384 11,714 121,425 41,863 Mitigation fees 5,488,521 5,757,968 - - 5,488,521 5,757,968 Rental income 675,632 746,106 315,979 291,305 991,611 1,037,411 Gain (loss) on capital assets - 19,243 135,772 (268,236) 135,772 (248,993) Miscellaneous 146,267 182,491 45,842 8,394 192,109 190,885 Total revenues 13,903,027 11,563,324 - - </td <td>Revenues:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><u> </u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Revenues:			<u> </u>			
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions 13,132,609 11,581,575 - - 13,132,609 11,581,575 Capital grants and contributions - - 1,716,286 4,803,536 1,716,286 4,803,536 General Revenues: - - - 18,779,053 16,156,470 Earnings on investments 93,041 30,149 28,384 11,714 121,425 41,863 Mitigation fees 5,488,521 5,757,968 - - 5,488,521 5,757,968 Rental income 675,632 746,106 315,979 291,305 991,611 1,037,411 Gain (loss) on capital assets - 19,243 135,772 (268,236) 135,772 (248,993) Miscellaneous 46,751,312 43,122,199 8,886,923 11,910,049 55,638,235 55,041,248 Expenses: - 19,243 13,5772 (268,236) 135,772 (248,993) Miscellaneous 46,751,312 43,122,199 8,886,923 11,910,049 55,638,235							
Capital grants and contributions - 1,716,286 4,803,536 1,716,286 4,803,536 General Revenues: Taxes 18,779,053 16,156,470 - - 18,779,053 16,156,470 Earnings on investments 93,041 30,149 28,384 11,714 121,425 41,863 Mitigation fees 5,488,521 5,757,968 - - 5,488,521 5,757,968 Rental income 675,632 746,106 315,979 291,305 991,611 1,037,411 Gain (loss) on capital assets - 19,243 135,772 (268,236) 135,772 (248,993) Miscellaneous 146,267 182,491 45,842 8,394 192,109 190,885 Total revenues 46,751,312 43,122,199 8,886,923 11,919,049 55,638,235 55,041,248 Expenses: General government 13,903,027 11,563,324 - - 13,903,027 11,563,324 Tourism and promotion 616,188 1,006,922 - - 616,18	Charges for Services		8,648,197	6,644,660	7,072,336	15,080,849	15,720,533
General Revenues: Taxes 18,779,053 16,156,470 - - 18,779,053 16,156,470 Earnings on investments 93,041 30,149 28,384 11,714 121,425 41,863 Mitigation fees 5,488,521 5,757,968 - - 5,488,521 5,757,968 Rental income 675,632 746,106 315,979 291,305 991,611 1,037,411 Gain (loss) on capital assets - 19,243 135,772 (268,236) 135,772 (248,993) Miscellaneous 146,267 182,491 45,842 8,394 192,109 190,885 Total revenues 46,751,312 43,122,199 8,886,923 11,919,049 55,638,235 55,041,248 Expenses: Seneral government 13,903,027 11,563,324 - - 13,903,027 11,563,324 Tourism and promotion 616,188 1,006,922 - - 616,188 1,006,922 Public safety 9,247,920 9,347,835 -		13,132,609	11,581,575	-	-	13,132,609	
Taxes 18,779,053 16,156,470 - - 18,779,053 16,156,470 Earnings on investments 93,041 30,149 28,384 11,714 121,425 41,863 Mitigation fees 5,488,521 5,757,968 - - 5,488,521 5,757,968 Rental income 675,632 746,106 315,979 291,305 991,611 1,037,411 Gain (loss) on capital assets - 19,243 135,772 (268,236) 135,772 (248,993) Miscellaneous 146,267 182,491 45,842 8,394 192,109 190,885 Total revenues 46,751,312 43,122,199 8,886,923 11,919,049 55,638,235 55,041,248 Expenses: 2 - - 13,903,027 11,563,324 - - 16,1618 1,006,922 - - 616,188 1,006,922 - - 616,188 1,006,922 - - 616,188 1,006,922 - - 8,731,588 8,540,902 -	Capital grants and contributions	-	-	1,716,286	4,803,536	1,716,286	4,803,536
Earnings on investments 93,041 30,149 28,384 11,714 121,425 41,863 Mitigation fees 5,488,521 5,757,968 - - 5,488,521 5,757,968 Rental income 675,632 746,106 315,979 291,305 991,611 1,037,411 Gain (loss) on capital assets - 19,243 135,772 (268,236) 135,772 (248,993) Miscellaneous 146,267 182,491 45,842 8,394 192,109 190,885 Total revenues 46,751,312 43,122,199 8,886,923 11,919,049 55,638,235 55,041,248 Expenses: General government 13,903,027 11,563,324 - - 13,903,027 11,563,324 Tourism and promotion 616,188 1,006,922 - - 616,188 1,006,922 Public safety 9,247,920 9,347,835 - - 9,247,920 9,347,835 Public health 8,731,588 8,540,902 - - 8,731,588 8,540,902 <td>General Revenues:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	General Revenues:						
Mitigation fees 5,488,521 5,757,968 - - 5,488,521 5,757,968 Rental income 675,632 746,106 315,979 291,305 991,611 1,037,411 Gain (loss) on capital assets - 19,243 135,772 (268,236) 135,772 (248,993) Miscellaneous 146,267 182,491 45,842 8,394 192,109 190,885 Total revenues 46,751,312 43,122,199 8,886,923 11,919,049 55,638,235 55,041,248 Expenses: General government 13,903,027 11,563,324 - - 13,903,027 11,563,324 Tourism and promotion 616,188 1,006,922 - - 616,188 1,006,922 Public safety 9,247,920 9,347,835 - - 9,247,920 9,347,835 Public health 8,731,588 8,540,902 - - 8,731,588 8,540,902 Highways and public improvements 4,381,184 3,526,844 - - 4,381,184<	Taxes	18,779,053	16,156,470	-	-	18,779,053	16,156,470
Rental income 675,632 746,106 315,979 291,305 991,611 1,037,411 Gain (loss) on capital assets - 19,243 135,772 (268,236) 135,772 (248,993) Miscellaneous 146,267 182,491 45,842 8,394 192,109 190,885 Total revenues 46,751,312 43,122,199 8,886,923 11,919,049 55,638,235 55,041,248 Expenses: General government 13,903,027 11,563,324 - - 13,903,027 11,563,324 Tourism and promotion 616,188 1,006,922 - - 616,188 1,006,922 Public safety 9,247,920 9,347,835 - - 9,247,920 9,347,835 Public health 8,731,588 8,540,902 - - 8,731,588 8,540,902 Highways and public improvements 4,381,184 3,526,844 - - 4,381,184 3,526,844 Parks and recreation 392,765 459,593 - - 540,881 510	Earnings on investments	93,041	30,149	28,384	11,714	121,425	41,863
Gain (loss) on capital assets - 19,243 135,772 (268,236) 135,772 (248,993) Miscellaneous 146,267 182,491 45,842 8,394 192,109 190,885 Total revenues 46,751,312 43,122,199 8,886,923 11,919,049 55,638,235 55,041,248 Expenses: General government 13,903,027 11,563,324 - - 13,903,027 11,563,324 Tourism and promotion 616,188 1,006,922 - - 616,188 1,006,922 Public safety 9,247,920 9,347,835 - - 9,247,920 9,347,835 Public health 8,731,588 8,540,902 - - 8,731,588 8,540,902 Highways and public improvements 4,381,184 3,526,844 - - 8,731,588 8,540,902 Highways and public improvements 4,381,184 3,526,844 - - 39,2765 459,593 - - 392,765 459,593 - - 540,881 510,208	Mitigation fees	5,488,521	5,757,968	-	-	5,488,521	5,757,968
Miscellaneous 146,267 182,491 45,842 8,394 192,109 190,885 Total revenues 46,751,312 43,122,199 8,886,923 11,919,049 55,638,235 55,041,248 Expenses: General government 13,903,027 11,563,324 - - 13,903,027 11,563,324 Tourism and promotion 616,188 1,006,922 - - 616,188 1,006,922 Public safety 9,247,920 9,347,835 - - 9,247,920 9,347,835 Public health 8,731,588 8,540,902 - - 8,731,588 8,540,902 Highways and public improvements 4,381,184 3,526,844 - - 4,381,184 3,526,844 Parks and recreation 392,765 459,593 - - 392,765 459,593 Economic development 540,881 510,208 - - 540,881 510,208 Interest on long-term debt 1,934,558 1,956,948 109,956 121,452 2,044,514 <td>Rental income</td> <td>675,632</td> <td>746,106</td> <td>315,979</td> <td>291,305</td> <td>991,611</td> <td>1,037,411</td>	Rental income	675,632	746,106	315,979	291,305	991,611	1,037,411
Expenses: Secondary of the probability of the pro	Gain (loss) on capital assets	-	19,243	135,772	(268,236)	135,772	(248,993)
Expenses: General government 13,903,027 11,563,324 13,903,027 11,563,324 Tourism and promotion 616,188 1,006,922 616,188 1,006,922 Public safety 9,247,920 9,347,835 9,247,920 9,347,835 Public health 8,731,588 8,540,902 8,731,588 8,540,902 Highways and public improvements 4,381,184 3,526,844 4,381,184 3,526,844 Parks and recreation 392,765 459,593 392,765 459,593 Economic development 540,881 510,208 540,881 510,208 Interest on long-term debt 1,934,558 1,956,948 109,956 121,452 2,044,514 2,078,400 Solid waste 2,346,983 2,446,828 2,346,983 2,446,828 Deseret Peak 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772 Airport 5,414,016 5,659,522 5,414,016 5,659,522 Total expenses 39,748,111 36,912,576 9,510,436 9,835,574 49,258,547 46,748,150 Change in net position before transfers 7,003,201 6,209,623 (623,513) 2,083,475 6,379,688 8,293,098 Transfers in (out) (736,590) (5,304,840) 736,590 5,304,840 Change in net position - beginning, as adjusted 69,994,099 72,210,455 37,339,210 30,345,898 107,333,309 102,556,353	Miscellaneous	146,267	182,491	45,842	8,394	192,109	190,885
General government 13,903,027 11,563,324 - - 13,903,027 11,563,324 Tourism and promotion 616,188 1,006,922 - - 616,188 1,006,922 Public safety 9,247,920 9,347,835 - - 9,247,920 9,347,835 Public health 8,731,588 8,540,902 - - 8,731,588 8,540,902 Highways and public improvements 4,381,184 3,526,844 - - 4,381,184 3,526,844 Parks and recreation 392,765 459,593 - - 392,765 459,593 Economic development 540,881 510,208 - - 540,881 510,208 Interest on long-term debt 1,934,558 1,956,948 109,956 121,452 2,044,514 2,078,400 Solid waste - - - 2,346,983 2,446,828 2,346,983 2,446,828 Deseret Peak - - - 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772	Total revenues	46,751,312	43,122,199	8,886,923	11,919,049	55,638,235	55,041,248
General government 13,903,027 11,563,324 - - 13,903,027 11,563,324 Tourism and promotion 616,188 1,006,922 - - 616,188 1,006,922 Public safety 9,247,920 9,347,835 - - 9,247,920 9,347,835 Public health 8,731,588 8,540,902 - - 8,731,588 8,540,902 Highways and public improvements 4,381,184 3,526,844 - - 4,381,184 3,526,844 Parks and recreation 392,765 459,593 - - 392,765 459,593 Economic development 540,881 510,208 - - 540,881 510,208 Interest on long-term debt 1,934,558 1,956,948 109,956 121,452 2,044,514 2,078,400 Solid waste - - - 2,346,983 2,446,828 2,346,983 2,446,828 Deseret Peak - - - 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772	Expenses:						
Tourism and promotion 616,188 1,006,922 - - 616,188 1,006,922 Public safety 9,247,920 9,347,835 - - 9,247,920 9,347,835 Public health 8,731,588 8,540,902 - - 8,731,588 8,540,902 Highways and public improvements 4,381,184 3,526,844 - - 4,381,184 3,526,844 Parks and recreation 392,765 459,593 - - 392,765 459,593 Economic development 540,881 510,208 - - 540,881 510,208 Interest on long-term debt 1,934,558 1,956,948 109,956 121,452 2,044,514 2,078,400 Solid waste - - 2,346,983 2,446,828 2,346,983 2,446,828 Deseret Peak - - 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772 Airport - - 5,414,016 5,659,522 5,414,016 5,659,522 Total expenses	•	13.903.027	11.563.324	_	_	13.903.027	11.563.324
Public safety 9,247,920 9,347,835 - - 9,247,920 9,347,835 Public health 8,731,588 8,540,902 - - 8,731,588 8,540,902 Highways and public improvements 4,381,184 3,526,844 - - 4,381,184 3,526,844 Parks and recreation 392,765 459,593 - - 392,765 459,593 Economic development 540,881 510,208 - - 540,881 510,208 Interest on long-term debt 1,934,558 1,956,948 109,956 121,452 2,044,514 2,078,400 Solid waste - - 2,346,983 2,446,828 2,346,983 2,446,828 Deseret Peak - - 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772 Airport - - 5,414,016 5,659,522 5,414,016 5,659,522 Total expenses 39,748,111 36,912,576 9,510,436 9,835,574 49,258,547 46,748,150 Change in		, ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	_	, ,	, ,
Public health 8,731,588 8,540,902 - - 8,731,588 8,540,902 Highways and public improvements 4,381,184 3,526,844 - - 4,381,184 3,526,844 Parks and recreation 392,765 459,593 - - 392,765 459,593 Economic development 540,881 510,208 - - 540,881 510,208 Interest on long-term debt 1,934,558 1,956,948 109,956 121,452 2,044,514 2,078,400 Solid waste - - 2,346,983 2,446,828 2,346,983 2,446,828 Deseret Peak - - 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772 49,258,547 46,748,150 Change in net position before transfers 7,003,201 6,209,623 (623,513) 2,083,475 6,379,688 8,293,098 Transfers in (out) (736,590) (5,304,840) 736,590 <td>_</td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td><i>'</i></td> <td></td>	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_	_	<i>'</i>	
Highways and public improvements 4,381,184 3,526,844 - - 4,381,184 3,526,844 Parks and recreation 392,765 459,593 - - 392,765 459,593 Economic development 540,881 510,208 - - 540,881 510,208 Interest on long-term debt 1,934,558 1,956,948 109,956 121,452 2,044,514 2,078,400 Solid waste - - 2,346,983 2,446,828 2,346,983 2,446,828 Deseret Peak - - 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772 Airport - - 5,414,016 5,659,522 5,414,016 5,659,522 Total expenses 39,748,111 36,912,576 9,510,436 9,835,574 49,258,547 46,748,150 Change in net position before transfers 7,003,201 6,209,623 (623,513) 2,083,475 6,379,688 8,293,098 Transfers in (out) (736,590) (5,304,840) 736,590 5,304,840 -	•			-	_		
Parks and recreation 392,765 459,593 - - 392,765 459,593 Economic development 540,881 510,208 - - 540,881 510,208 Interest on long-term debt 1,934,558 1,956,948 109,956 121,452 2,044,514 2,078,400 Solid waste - - 2,346,983 2,446,828 2,346,983 2,446,828 Deseret Peak - - 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772 Airport - - - 5,414,016 5,659,522 5,414,016 5,659,522 Total expenses 39,748,111 36,912,576 9,510,436 9,835,574 49,258,547 46,748,150 Change in net position before transfers in (out) (736,590) (5,304,840) 736,590 5,304,840 - - - Change in net position - beginning, as adjusted 69,994,099 72,210,455 37,339,210 30,345,898 107,333,309 102,556,353	Highways and public improvements			-	_		
Economic development 540,881 510,208 - - 540,881 510,208 Interest on long-term debt 1,934,558 1,956,948 109,956 121,452 2,044,514 2,078,400 Solid waste - - 2,346,983 2,446,828 2,346,983 2,446,828 Deseret Peak - - 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772 Airport - - 5,414,016 5,659,522 5,414,016 5,659,522 Total expenses 39,748,111 36,912,576 9,510,436 9,835,574 49,258,547 46,748,150 Change in net position before transfers in (out) (736,590) (5,304,840) 736,590 5,304,840 - - - Change in net position - beginning, as adjusted 69,994,099 72,210,455 37,339,210 30,345,898 107,333,309 102,556,353				-	_		
Interest on long-term debt 1,934,558 1,956,948 109,956 121,452 2,044,514 2,078,400 Solid waste - - 2,346,983 2,446,828 2,346,983 2,446,828 Deseret Peak - - 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772 Airport - - - 5,414,016 5,659,522 5,414,016 5,659,522 Total expenses 39,748,111 36,912,576 9,510,436 9,835,574 49,258,547 46,748,150 Change in net position before transfers in (out) (736,590) (5,304,840) 736,590 5,304,840 - - - Change in net position 6,266,611 904,783 113,077 7,388,315 6,379,688 8,293,098 Net position - beginning, as adjusted 69,994,099 72,210,455 37,339,210 30,345,898 107,333,309 102,556,353	Economic development	,	,	-	-	,	,
Solid waste - - 2,346,983 2,446,828 2,346,983 2,446,828 Deseret Peak - - - 1,639,481 1,607,772 1,639,481 1,607,772 Airport - - - 5,414,016 5,659,522 5,414,016 5,659,522 Total expenses 39,748,111 36,912,576 9,510,436 9,835,574 49,258,547 46,748,150 Change in net position before transfers in (out) (736,590) (5,304,840) 736,590 5,304,840 - - - Change in net position 6,266,611 904,783 113,077 7,388,315 6,379,688 8,293,098 Net position - beginning, as adjusted 69,994,099 72,210,455 37,339,210 30,345,898 107,333,309 102,556,353				109,956	121,452	2,044,514	
Airport - - 5,414,016 5,659,522 5,414,016 5,659,522 Total expenses 39,748,111 36,912,576 9,510,436 9,835,574 49,258,547 46,748,150 Change in net position before transfers in (out) (736,590) (5,304,840) 736,590 5,304,840 - - - Change in net position 6,266,611 904,783 113,077 7,388,315 6,379,688 8,293,098 Net position - beginning, as adjusted 69,994,099 72,210,455 37,339,210 30,345,898 107,333,309 102,556,353	_	-	, , , , <u>-</u>	2,346,983	2,446,828	2,346,983	2,446,828
Total expenses 39,748,111 36,912,576 9,510,436 9,835,574 49,258,547 46,748,150 Change in net position before transfers Tansfers in (out) 7,003,201 6,209,623 (623,513) 2,083,475 6,379,688 8,293,098 Transfers in (out) (736,590) (5,304,840) 736,590 5,304,840 - - - Change in net position 6,266,611 904,783 113,077 7,388,315 6,379,688 8,293,098 Net position - beginning, as adjusted 69,994,099 72,210,455 37,339,210 30,345,898 107,333,309 102,556,353	Deseret Peak	-	-	1,639,481	1,607,772	1,639,481	1,607,772
Change in net position before transfers 7,003,201 6,209,623 (623,513) 2,083,475 6,379,688 8,293,098 Transfers in (out) (736,590) (5,304,840) 736,590 5,304,840 - - - Change in net position 6,266,611 904,783 113,077 7,388,315 6,379,688 8,293,098 Net position - beginning, as adjusted 69,994,099 72,210,455 37,339,210 30,345,898 107,333,309 102,556,353	Airport	-	-	5,414,016	5,659,522	5,414,016	5,659,522
Transfers in (out) (736,590) (5,304,840) 736,590 5,304,840 - - Change in net position 6,266,611 904,783 113,077 7,388,315 6,379,688 8,293,098 Net position - beginning, as adjusted 69,994,099 72,210,455 37,339,210 30,345,898 107,333,309 102,556,353	Total expenses	39,748,111	36,912,576	9,510,436	9,835,574	49,258,547	46,748,150
Transfers in (out) (736,590) (5,304,840) 736,590 5,304,840 - - Change in net position 6,266,611 904,783 113,077 7,388,315 6,379,688 8,293,098 Net position - beginning, as adjusted 69,994,099 72,210,455 37,339,210 30,345,898 107,333,309 102,556,353	Change in net position before transfers	7 003 201	6 200 623	(623 513)	2 083 475	6 370 688	8 203 008
Change in net position 6,266,611 904,783 113,077 7,388,315 6,379,688 8,293,098 Net position - beginning, as adjusted 69,994,099 72,210,455 37,339,210 30,345,898 107,333,309 102,556,353	-					0,577,000	0,273,090
Net position - beginning, as adjusted 69,994,099 72,210,455 37,339,210 30,345,898 107,333,309 102,556,353	` '					6 379 688	8 293 098
			,	,			
	Net position - ending	\$ 76,260,710	73,115,238	37,452,287	37,734,213	113,712,997	110,849,451

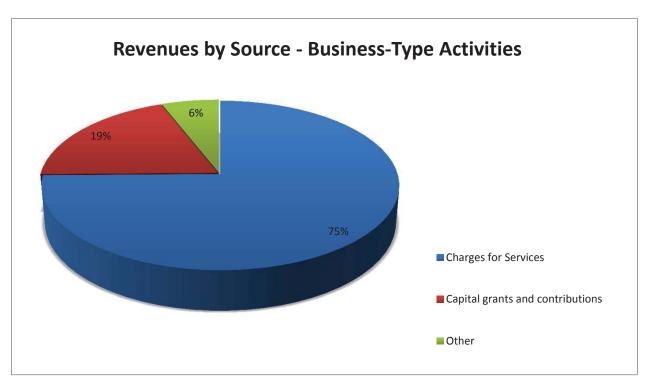
Tooele County, Utah Management Discussion & Analysis - continued December 31, 2015





Tooele County, Utah Management Discussion & Analysis - continued December 31, 2015





Management Discussion & Analysis - continued

December 31, 2015

Governmental Activities

- Charges for governmental services decreased by \$212,008.
- Governmental operating grants increased by \$1,551,034.
- Tax revenues had a net increase of \$2,622,583 consisting of:

•	Property taxes	\$ 932,193
•	Sales taxes	1,185,937
•	Transient room taxes	63,725
•	Restaurant taxes	49,154
•	Mass transit taxes	388,545
•	Franchise taxes	3,029

- Mitigations fees decreased by \$269,447.
- Rental income decreased by \$70,474.
- Miscellaneous revenues decreased by \$36,224.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities net position increased by \$113,077, a 0.30% increase. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Solid Waste revenues totaled \$2,658,164, an increase of \$1,011. Solid Waste expenses totaled \$2,346,983, including depreciation of \$89,553 for an decrease of \$99,845.
- Desert Peak revenues totaled \$470,389, a decrease of \$45,430. Desert Peak expenses totaled \$1,639,481, including depreciation of \$945,842 for a increase of \$31,709.
- Airport revenues and grants totaled \$5,232,393, a decrease of \$3,768,734. Airport expenses totaled \$5,414,016, including depreciation of \$1,754,317 for a decrease of \$245,506.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Tooele County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Management Discussion & Analysis - continued

December 31, 2015

Governmental Funds

The focus of Tooele County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Tooele County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

At the end of the year, Tooele County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,253,265, an increase of \$3,770,857 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 38% of this amount, \$6,636,238, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is restricted and not available for new spending:

Debt	\$ 747,318
Class B roads	564,963
Transient/restaurant room	1,768,821
E911 Dispatch	1,221,347
Public Safety	430,839
Other	33,447
Capital Projects	483,058
	\$ 5,249,793

The general fund is the primary operating fund of Tooele County. At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the general fund was \$8,355,326, of which \$6,636,238 was unassigned. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 30.88% of total general fund expenditures.

Proprietary Funds

Tooele County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the enterprise funds at the end of the year amounted to \$6,205,016. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of Tooele County's business-type activities.

Management Discussion & Analysis - continued

December 31, 2015

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual revenues of \$27,153,092 were more than final budgeted revenues by \$1,569,124, or 5.78%. Intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, mitigation fees, and rental income were above management's projections.

The final adopted budget for General Fund expenditures was \$21,749,555 in 2015, which is \$325,610 more than the 2015 original adopted budget.

Expenditures in 2015 were \$21,488,645, or approximately 1.21% less than the final adopted budget of \$21,749,555. Over-expended amounts occurred in the following County departments: conservation and economic development (due to change in reporting of mass transit taxes paid directly to UTA & lack of budget for community development block grants), and other administrative.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Tooele County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities, as of December 31, 2015, was \$91,469,786 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures, and equipment, and infrastructure, which includes roads, highways, and bridges. The total increase in Tooele County's investment in capital assets for the current year was \$766,462, net of depreciation.

Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

- The Airport Fund added construction in process for a runway extension of \$1,839,268 and \$183,996 in vehicles and equipment.
- The Deseret Peak Fund added \$37,451 in vehicles.
- Governmental activities added \$1,059,567 in vehicles and equipment. The Governmental activities also reported \$1,216,945 in construction in process related to road improvements and \$198,856 in building improvements.

Also, the County has elected to use the modified approach to account for its infrastructure assets, such as roads and bridges. That information can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Tooele County, Utah Management Discussion & Analysis - continued December 31, 2015

Tooele County's Capital Assets
(net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type	Activities	Total		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Land	\$ 7,570,720	7,570,720	1,759,620	1,759,620	9,330,340	9,330,340	
Buildings and improvements	38,064,349	39,063,465	32,808,826	27,568,083	70,873,175	66,631,548	
Construction in progress	2,582,128	1,365,183	1,394,567	6,694,667	3,976,695	8,059,850	
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	1,780,345	1,231,712	866,777	1,542,339	2,647,122	2,774,051	
Infrastructure	41,472,244	41,472,244	-	-	41,472,244	41,472,244	
Total	\$ 91,469,786	90,703,324	36,829,790	37,564,709	128,299,576	128,268,033	

Additional information on Tooele County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current year, Tooele County had total debt outstanding of \$39,064,899. The debt represents lease revenue bonds, sales tax revenue bonds, and capital leases.

Tooele County's Outstanding Debt

	Government	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Lease revenue bonds	\$ 23,813,523	24,242,542	694,678	812,768	24,508,201	25,055,310	
Sales tax revenue bonds	1,760,940	1,976,400	2,010,060	2,244,600	3,771,000	4,221,000	
Capital leases	146,500	236,624	-	-	146,500	236,624	
Compensated absences	877,731	1,042,674	-	-	877,731	1,042,674	
Net pension liability	5,066,046	6,580,572	450,921	570,138	5,516,967	7,150,710	
Net post employment							
benefit obligation	3,823,712	3,843,485	420,788	416,098	4,244,500	4,259,583	
Total	\$ 35,488,452	37,922,297	3,576,447	4,043,604	39,064,899	41,965,901	

Additional information on Tooele County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Management Discussion & Analysis - continued
December 31, 2015

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Tooele County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information such as reports for component units, should be addressed to the Tooele County Clerk/Auditor, 47 South Main Street, Tooele, Utah, 84074.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Tooele County, Utah Statement of Net Position December 31, 2015

	Prin	nary Governme	ent	(unaudited) Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Tooele County Recreation SSD		
Assets Cook and pook a minulents	Ф 14 2 05 2 01	2 554 625	17.940.006	22.226
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,295,281	3,554,625	17,849,906	22,236
Restricted cash	1,383,488	679,876	2,063,364	-
Accounts receivable - net	5,909,832	591,173	6,501,005	-
Prepaids	346,501	38,395	384,896	-
Inventory	11,852	-	11,852	-
Capital lease receivable	85,056	-	85,056	-
Net pension asset Capital assets not being depreciated Land, roads and	8,786	-	8,786	-
construction in process Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	51,625,092	3,154,187	54,779,279	-
Buildings, improvements,				
equipment, and other	39,844,694	33,675,603	73,520,297	
Total assets	113,510,582	41,693,859	155,204,441	22,236
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension outflows	2,286,644	203,532	2,490,176	-
Total deferred outflows				
of resources	2,286,644	203,532	2,490,176	
Liabilities Accounts payable and	2.076.462	(27, 602	2.702.066	
accrued liabilities	3,076,463	626,603	3,703,066	-
Accrued interest payable	64,471	20,870	85,341	-
Accrued landfill closure costs Unearned revenue	50,000	144,892	144,892	-
Compensated absences -	,	-	50,000	-
current	658,298	-	658,298	-
Net OPEB obligation	3,823,712	420,788	4,244,500	-
Net pension liability	5,066,046	450,921	5,516,967	
Compensated absences - noncurrent	219,433	-	219,433	-
Noncurrent liabilities	5 15 505	207.055	1 000 100	
Due within one year	747,737	285,866	1,033,603	-
Due in more than one year	24,973,226	2,418,872	27,392,098	
Total liabilities	\$ 38,679,386	4,368,812	43,048,198	-

Tooele County, Utah Statement of Net Position - continued December 31, 2015

Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Pension inflows	\$ 8	57,130	76,292	2 933,4	-22	-
Total deferred inflows						
of resources	8	57,130	76,292	2 933,4	-22	-
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	65,7	48,823	30,970,863	5 96,719,6	588	-
Restricted for						
Debt	7	47,318	48,57	3 795,8	396	-
Class B roads	5	64,963	-	564,9	63	-
Transient room	1,7	68,821	-	1,768,8	321	-
E911	1,2	21,347	-	1,221,3	347	-
Public safety	4	30,839	-	430,8	39	-
Landfill closure		-	276,40	5 276,4	-06	-
Health services		-	-	-		-
Other		33,447	-	33,4	47	-
Unrestricted	5,7	45,152	6,156,43	3 11,901,5	90	22,236
Total net position	\$ 76,2	60,710	37,452,28	7 113,712,9	97	22,236

			Program Revenu	ies	Net (Expense) Revenues & Changes in Net Position				
						(unaudited)			
					Pr	imary Government		Component Unit	
			Operating	Capital				Tooele	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		County	
Function/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Recreation SSD	
Primary government									
Governmental activities									
General government	\$ 13,903,027	5,335,045	2,145,532	-	(6,422,450)	-	(6,422,450)	-	
Tourism and promotion	616,188	-	-	-	(616,188)	-	(616,188)	-	
Public safety	9,247,920	2,202,241	1,114,990	-	(5,930,689)	-	(5,930,689)	-	
Public health	8,731,588	866,830	6,604,294	-	(1,260,464)	-	(1,260,464)	-	
Highways and public improvements	4,381,184	32,073	2,553,797	-	(1,795,314)	-	(1,795,314)	-	
Culture and recreation	392,765	-	-	-	(392,765)	-	(392,765)	-	
Conservation and economic development	540,881	-	-	-	(540,881)	-	(540,881)	-	
Interest on long-term debt	1,934,558	-	713,996	-	(1,220,562)	-	(1,220,562)	_	
Total governmental activities	39,748,111	8,436,189	13,132,609		(18,179,313)		(18,179,313)		
Business-type activities									
Solid waste	2,346,983	2,658,164	-	-	-	311,181	311,181	_	
Deseret Peak	1,639,481	470,389	_	_	_	(1,169,092)	(1,169,092)	_	
Airport	5,414,016	3,516,107	_	1,716,286	_	(181,623)	(181,623)	_	
Total business-type activities	9,400,480	6,644,660		1,716,286		(1,039,534)	(1,039,534)		
Total primary government	\$ 49,148,591	15,080,849	13,132,609	1,716,286	(18,179,313)	(1,039,534)	(19,218,847)	-	
Component unit			- '						
Tooele County Recreation SSD	\$ 176,477	_	147,882	_	_	_	_	(28,595)	
Total component units	\$ 176,477		147,882			-	-	(28,595)	
	General revenue	es							
	Property taxes				12,120,585	_	12,120,585	_	
	General sales				5,328,211	_	5,328,211	_	
	Transient room				380,206	_	380,206	_	
	Restaurant tax				533,483	_	533,483	_	
	Mass transit ta				388,545		388,545		
	Franchise tax				28,023		28,023		
	Mitigation fee				5,488,521	-	5,488,521	-	
	Rental income				675,632	315,979	991,611	-	
	Miscellaneous				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-	
					146,267	45,842	192,109	-	
		arnings (expense)			93,041	(81,572)	11,469	18	
	Sale of capita	assets			-	135,772	135,772	-	
	Transfers	1	C		(736,590)	736,590	25 500 525		
	-	al revenues and tr	ansters		24,445,924	1,152,611	25,598,535	18	
		net position			6,266,611	113,077	6,379,688	(28,577)	
	Net position - beginning, as adjusted				69,994,099	37,339,210	107,333,309	50,813	
	Net position - e	nding			\$ 76,260,710	37,452,287	113,712,997	22,236	

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Tooele County, Utah
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2015

	General			Special Re	venue Funds		Capital Projects	Other	Total
			Human	Public	Road	Municipal		Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Services	Health	Maintenance	Services	General	Funds	Funds
Assets and Deferred Outflows									
of Resources									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,654,953	-	1,663,985	-	511,050	1,009,921	2,876,974	12,716,883
Restricted cash		-	-	-	153,112	-	483,058	747,318	1,383,488
Receivables (net)									
Accounts		1,245,840	273,401	221,516	477,010	-	-	177,288	2,395,055
Taxes		2,602,741	-	-	-	912,036	-	-	3,514,777
Inventory		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,381	1,381
Prepaid items		33,455	312,416	100	530	-			346,501
Total assets	\$	10,536,989	585,817	1,885,601	630,652	1,423,086	1,492,979	3,802,961	20,358,085
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources and Fund Balances									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	1,476,631	64,502	22,398	52,369	1,699	363,985	288,244	2,269,828
Accrued liabilities		705,032	-	35,501	13,320	_	-	2,632	756,485
Checks written in		·			•				•
excess of cash		-	28,507	_	-	_	-	_	28,507
Unearned revenue		-	-	-	-	-	50,000	-	50,000
Total liabilities	\$	2,181,663	93,009	57,899	65,689	1,699	413,985	290,876	3,104,820

Tooele County, Utah Balance Sheet - continued Governmental Funds December 31, 2015

			Special Re	venue Funds	Capital Projects	Other	Total	
	Genera	l Human	Public	Road	Municipal		Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Services	Health	Maintenance	Services	General	Funds	Funds
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	\$ 33,	,455 312,41	6 100	-	-	-	-	345,971
Restricted for								
Debt			-	-	-	-	747,318	747,318
Class B roads			-	564,963	-	-	-	564,963
Transient room/ restaurant			-	-	-	-	1,768,821	1,768,821
E911 Dispatch	1,221,	,347 -	-	-	-	-	-	1,221,347
Public Safety	430,	,839 -	-	-	-	-	-	430,839
Other	33,	,447 -	-	-	-	-	_	33,447
Capital improvements			-	-	-	483,058	-	483,058
Assigned, reported in								
Special Revenue Funds		- 180,39	2 1,827,602	-	1,421,387	-	449,558	3,878,939
Debt Service Funds			-	-	-	-	384,199	384,199
Capital Projects Funds			-	-	-	595,936	162,189	758,125
Unassigned	6,636,	.238 -			_			6,636,238
Total fund balances	8,355,	,326 492,80	8 1,827,702	564,963	1,421,387	1,078,994	3,512,085	17,253,265
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and fund balances	\$ 10,536,	,989 585,81	7 1,885,601	630,652	1,423,086	1,492,979	3,802,961	20,358,085

Balance Sheet Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position December 31, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Total fund balances - governmental fund types	\$ 17,253,265
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	91,469,786
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of service equipment management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental funds.	1,562,656
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of central stores to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental funds.	4,570
Long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures, and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	85,056
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(34,114,623)
Net position of government activities	\$ 76,260,710

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Tooele County, Utah
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Special Revenue Funds				Capital Projects	Other	Total
	General	Human	Public	Road	Municipal		Governmental	Governmental
	 Fund	Services	Health	Maintenance	Services	General	Funds	Funds
Revenues								
Taxes								
General property taxes	\$ 10,726,299	-	-	-	1,348,548	-	45,738	12,120,585
Sales taxes	2,242,615	-	-	-	3,085,596	-	-	5,328,211
Transient room tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	380,206	380,206
Restaurant tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	533,483	533,483
Mass transit tax	388,545	-	-	-	-	-	-	388,545
Franchise tax	28,023	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,023
Licenses and permits	39,205	-	-	-	867,227	-	-	906,432
Intergovernmental	1,254,781	2,195,367	3,846,460	2,427,518	-	2,005,741	1,402,742	13,132,609
Charges for services	6,380,728	-	326,858	32,073	1,930	-	539,972	7,281,561
Fines and forfeitures	248,196	-	_	-	_	-	-	248,196
Interest on investments	29,102	-	10,978	765	17,649	6,147	20,875	85,516
Mitigation fees	5,488,521	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,488,521
Lease revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,634,800	1,634,800
Rental income	221,142	-	454,490	-	-	-	-	675,632
Other	 105,935		-		-	46,132	40,332	192,399
Total revenues	 27,153,092	2,195,367	4,638,786	2,460,356	5,320,950	2,058,020	4,598,148	48,424,719
<u>Expenditures</u>								
General government	8,519,217	-	-	-	4,211,531	-	-	12,730,748
Tourism and promotion	-	-	-	-	-	-	627,734	627,734
Public safety	9,546,239	-	-	-	8,607	-	-	9,554,846
Public health and human services	170,216	2,129,463	5,116,865	-	-	-	1,522,393	8,938,937
Highways and								
public improvements	260,769	-	-	4,417,057	-	-	-	4,677,826
Parks and recreation	454,223	-	-	-	-	-	-	454,223
Conservation and economic								
development	540,881	-	-	-	-	-	-	540,881
Other administrative	362,300	-	-	-	-	-	-	362,300

Tooele County, Utah
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - continued
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

			Special Re	venue Funds	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Capital Projects	Other	Total
	General	Human	Public	Road	Municipal		Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Services	Health	Maintenance	Services	General	Funds	Funds
Expenditures - continued								
Debt Service								
Principle	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	655,460	655,460
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,938,208	1,938,208
Bond costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,000	7,000
Lease payment	1,634,800	-	-	-	-		-	1,634,800
Capital outlay		. <u> </u>	-		-	1,794,309	-	1,794,309
Total expenditures	21,488,645	2,129,463	5,116,865	4,417,057	4,220,138	1,794,309	4,750,795	43,917,272
Excess revenues over (under)								
expenditures	5,664,447	65,904	(478,079)	(1,956,701)	1,100,812	263,711	(152,647)	4,507,447
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•							
Operating transfers in	50,000	480,000	640,000	1,648,045	-	505,856	838,973	4,162,874
Operating transfers out	(4,036,419)		-		(545,766)		(317,279)	(4,899,464)
Total other financing sources	(3,986,419)	480,000	640,000	1,648,045	(545,766)	505,856	521,694	(736,590)
Net change in fund balance	1,678,028	545,904	161,921	(308,656)	555,046	769,567	369,047	3,770,857
Fund balances -	c c77 200	(52.005)	1 665 701	072 (10	066 241	200 427	2 1 42 020	12 402 400
beginning of year, as adjusted	6,677,298	(53,096)	1,665,781	873,619	866,341	309,427	3,143,038	13,482,408
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 8,355,326	492,808	1,827,702	564,963	1,421,387	1,078,994	3,512,085	17,253,265

Statement of Changes Reconciliation to Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 3,770,857
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	766,462
Revenues in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance that provide current financial resources are reported as revenues in the funds, but are reported as a reduction in capital lease receivable in the statement of activities.	(39,175)
The issuance of long-term debt (i.e. bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	749,234
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	982,598
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge for central stores to individual funds. The net expense of the Internal Service Funds is reported within Governmental Activities.	3,267
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	33,370
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,266,613

Tooele County, Utah
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted A	Amounts		
			Actual	Variance with
Revenues	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Taxes	\$ 11,272,466	11,272,466	13,385,482	2,113,016
Licenses and permits	115,000	115,000	39,205	(75,795)
Intergovernmental	1,637,452	1,637,452	1,254,781	(382,671)
Charges for services	6,445,750	6,455,750	6,380,728	(75,022)
Fines and forfeitures	572,000	572,000	248,196	(323,804)
Interest on investments	7,000	7,000	29,102	22,102
Mitigation fees	4,815,000	4,815,000	5,488,521	673,521
Rental income	350,000	350,000	221,142	(128,858)
Other	357,500	359,300	105,935	(253,365)
Total revenues	25,572,168	25,583,968	27,153,092	1,569,124
Expenditures				
General government	8,579,499	8,704,074	8,519,217	184,857
Public safety	9,763,572	9,916,332	9,546,239	370,093
Public health and human services	174,197	174,197	170,216	3,981
Highways and public improvements	356,755	356,755	260,769	95,986
Parks and recreation	566,590	612,595	454,223	158,372
Conservation and economic				
development	12,532	12,532	540,881	(528,349)
Other administrative	336,000	338,270	362,300	(24,030)
Lease payment	1,634,800	1,634,800	1,634,800	
Total expenditures	21,423,945	21,749,555	21,488,645	260,910
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	4,148,223	3,834,413	5,664,447	1,830,034
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	50,000	50,000	50,000	-
Operating transfers out	(3,800,563)	(3,837,563)	(4,036,419)	(198,856)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,750,563)	(3,787,563)	(3,986,419)	(198,856)
Net change in fund balance	397,660	46,850	1,678,028	1,631,178
Fund balance, beginning of year, as adjusted	6,677,298	6,677,298	6,677,298	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 7,074,958	6,724,148	8,355,326	1,631,178

Tooele County, Utah
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual - Human Services
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$ 1,671,732	1,671,732	2,195,367	523,635
Total revenues	1,671,732	1,671,732	2,195,367	523,635
Expenditures Public health and human services	2,151,732	2,151,732	2,129,463	22,269
Total expenditures	2,151,732	2,151,732	2,129,463	22,269
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	(480,000)	(480,000)	65,904	545,904
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in	480,000	480,000	480,000	_
Total other financing sources and (uses)	480,000	480,000	480,000	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	545,904	545,904
Fund balances - beginning of year	(53,096)	(53,096)	(53,096)	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ (53,096)	(53,096)	492,808	545,904

Tooele County, Utah
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual - Public Health
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted .	Amounts		
			Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,176,223	4,176,223	3,846,460	(329,763)
Charges for services	256,500	256,500	326,858	70,358
Interest on investments	-	-	10,978	10,978
Rental income	454,000	454,000	454,490	490
Total revenues	4,886,723	4,886,723	4,638,786	(247,937)
Expenditures				
Public health and human services	5,678,428	5,730,428	5,116,865	613,563
Total expenditures	5,678,428	5,730,428	5,116,865	613,563
Excess revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(791,705)	(843,705)	(478,079)	365,626
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	640,000	640,000	640,000	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	640,000	640,000	640,000	
Net change in fund balance	(151,705)	(203,705)	161,921	365,626
Fund balances - beginning of year	1,665,781	1,665,781	1,665,781	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 1,514,076	1,462,076	1,827,702	365,626

Tooele County, Utah
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual - Road Maintenance
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts		A atual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,200,000	2,200,000	2,427,518	227,518
Charges for services	45,000	45,000	32,073	(12,927)
Interest on investments			765	765
Total revenues	2,245,000	2,245,000	2,460,356	215,356
Expenditures				
Highway and public improvements	4,001,689	4,509,689	4,417,057	92,632
Total expenditures	4,001,689	4,509,689	4,417,057	92,632
Excess revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(1,756,689)	(2,264,689)	(1,956,701)	307,988
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	1,756,689	2,264,689	1,648,045	(616,644)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	1,756,689	2,264,689	1,648,045	(616,644)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(308,656)	(308,656)
Fund balances - beginning of year	873,619	873,619	873,619	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 873,619	873,619	564,963	(308,656)

Tooele County, Utah
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual - Municipal Services Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted A	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,245,000	4,245,000	4,434,144	189,144
Licenses and permits	576,000	651,000	867,227	216,227
Charges for services	1,500	1,500	1,930	430
Interest on investments			17,649	17,649
Total revenues	4,822,500	4,897,500	5,320,950	423,450
Expenditures				
General government	4,181,478	4,256,478	4,211,531	44,947
Public safety	95,256	95,256	8,607	86,649
Total expenditures	4,276,734	4,351,734	4,220,138	131,596
Excess revenues over (under)				
expenditures	545,766	545,766	1,100,812	555,046
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers out	(545,766)	(545,766)	(545,766)	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(545,766)	(545,766)	(545,766)	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	555,046	555,046
Fund balances - beginning of year, as adjusted	866,341	866,341	866,341	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 866,341	866,341	1,421,387	555,046

Tooele County, Utah Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2015

		Business-typ	e Activities		Governmental Activities
		•		Total Enterprise	Internal Service
	Solid Waste Fund	Deseret Peak Fund	Airport Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,280,768	522,653	751,204	3,554,625	1,606,905
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	421,298	·	210,000	679,876	1,000,703
Accounts receivable - net	497,622		93,551	591,173	_
Inventory	-	-	-	-	10,471
Prepaid items	38,395	<u> </u>		38,395	
Total current assets	3,238,083	571,231	1,054,755	4,864,069	1,617,376
Noncurrent assets Capital assets not being depreciated Land, roads, and					
construction in process Capital assets being depreciated	369,045	1,390,575	1,394,567	3,154,187	-
Buildings, improvements, equipment, and other	2 240 924	24.520.125	33,146,187	60.005.146	202 500
equipment, and other Less: accumulated depreciation	3,249,834 (3,102,499		(9,919,187)	60,925,146 (27,249,543)	383,598 (378,546)
-	516,380	-			
Total noncurrent assets			24,621,567	36,829,790	5,052
Total assets	\$ 3,754,463	12,263,074	25,676,322	41,693,859	1,622,428
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	92.175	22.260	06.000	202 522	
Pension outflows Total deferred outflows	83,175	23,369	96,988	203,532	
of resources	83,175	23,369	96,988	203,532	
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 93,146	5 124,910	408,547	626,603	50,150
Accrued interest payable	-	19,470	1,400	20,870	-
General obligation - current portion	-	191,000	94,866	285,866	
Total current liabilities	93,146	335,380	504,813	933,339	50,150
Non-current liabilities					
Landfill closure payable	144,892		- 106.741	144,892	-
Net OPEB obligation Net pension	126,497 184,271		126,741 214,875	420,788 450,921	-
General obligation bonds	104,271	1,819,060	599,812	2,418,872	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	455,660		941,428	3,435,473	
Total liabilities	\$ 548,806		1,446,241	4,368,812	50,150
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Pension inflows	\$ 31,177	8,760	36,355	76,292	-
Total deferred inflows					
of resources	\$ 31,177	8,760	36,355	76,292	
Net Position					
Net invested in capital assets	\$ 147,335		22,532,322	30,970,865	5,052
Restricted	276,406		-	276,406	
Unrestricted	2,833,914	1,612,710	1,758,392	6,205,016	1,567,226

Tooele County, Utah Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Business-	type Activities		Governmental Activities
	Solid Waste Fund	Deseret Peak Fund	Airport Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues					
Service charges	\$ 2,658,164	470,389	3,516,107	6,644,660	165,295
Rental income	-	-	315,979	315,979	-
Miscellaneous			45,842	45,842	
Total operating revenues	2,658,164	470,389	3,877,928	7,006,481	165,295
Operating Expenses					
Solid waste facility	2,257,430	-	-	2,257,430	-
Deseret Peak	-	693,639	-	693,639	-
Airport	-	-	3,659,699	3,659,699	-
General and administrative	-	-	-	-	140,207
Depreciation and amortization	89,553	945,842	1,754,317	2,789,712	32,527
Total operating expenses	2,346,983	1,639,481	5,414,016	9,400,480	172,734
Operating income (loss)	311,181	(1,169,092)	(1,536,088)	(2,393,999)	(7,439)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Federal and state grants/match	-	-	1,716,286	1,716,286	-
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	109,532	-	26,240	135,772	-
Interest expense	-	(81,426)	(28,530)	(109,956)	-
Interest earnings	20,794	100	7,490	28,384	11,549
Total nonoperating					
Revenues (expenses)	130,326	(81,326)	1,721,486	1,770,486	11,549
Income before transfers	441,507	(1,250,418)	185,398	(623,513)	4,110
Transfer from other funds	-	736,590		736,590	
Change in net position	441,507	(513,828)	185,398	113,077	4,110
Net position - beginning of year					
as adjusted	2,816,148	10,417,746	24,105,316	37,339,210	1,568,168
Net position - end of year	\$ 3,257,655	9,903,918	24,290,714	37,452,287	1,572,278

Tooele County, Utah Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

			Business-typ	e Activities		Governmental Activities
	S	olid Waste Fund	Deseret Peak Fund	Airport Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers	\$	2,544,892	475,013	3,843,137	6,863,042	
Receipts from interfund charges Payments to suppliers and service providers Payments to employees/subcontractors		- (1,730,801) (624,592)	(470,748) (136,050)	(2,663,835) (723,614)	(4,865,384) (1,484,256)	165,295 (91,251)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		189,499	(131,785)	455,688	513,402	74,044
Transfers from (to) other funds Net cash provided (used)		<u> </u>	736,590		736,590	
by noncapital financing activities <u>Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Act</u>	ivit	ies	736,590	-	736,590	
Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt		-	(234,540) (83,808)	(118,090) (28,955)	(352,630) (112,763)	-
Proceeds from capital grants Proceeds from sale of capital assets		- 111,696	- (40.512)	1,716,286 26,241	1,716,286 137,937	-
Purchase of capital assets Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities		111,696	(367,861)	(2,019,506)	(2,069,019)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest and dividends received		20,794	100	7,490	28,384	11,549
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		20,794	100	7,490	28,384	11,549
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		321,989 2,380,077	237,044 334,187	39,154 922,050	598,187 3,636,314	85,593 1,521,312
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	2,702,066	571,231	961,204	4,234,501	1,606,905
As reported: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,280,768 421,298	522,653 48,578	751,204 210,000	3,554,625 679,876	1,606,905
	\$	2,702,066	571,231	961,204	4,234,501	1,606,905
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Pro-	vide	<u>d</u>				
(Used) by Operating Activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	\$	311,181	(1,169,092)	(1,536,088)	(2,393,999)	(7,439)
provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		89,553 (113,272)	945,842 4,624	1,754,317 (34,791)	2,789,712 (143,439)	32,527
(Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(38,395)	-	-	(38,395)	(1,194)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in pension asset/ liabilities Increase (decrease) in OPEB obligation		(36,738) (29,147) 6,317	97,911 (8,188) (2,882)	304,982 (33,987) 1,255	366,155 (71,322) 4,690	50,150
Total adjustments		(121,682)	1,037,307	1,991,776	2,907,401	81,483
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	189,499	(131,785)	455,688	513,402	74,044

Tooele County, Utah Statement of Fiduciary Assets & Liabilities Fiduciary Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	A	Total gency Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables	\$	21,059,833
Total assets	\$	21,059,833
Liabilities Taxes payable Developer bonds payable Court bail bonds payable Due to other entities	\$	19,958,618 243,188 487,734 370,293
Total liabilities	\$	21,059,833

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity

Tooele County (State of Utah) (the County) was organized on January 31, 1850, under a commission form of government. The County has a total land area of 6,930 square miles and a population of approximately 61,046 residents. The County's major operations include public safety (police and fire), highways and roads, health and social services, culture-recreation, education, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The County's fiscal authority includes responsibility for final approval over budgeting appropriations, for funding deficits and operating deficiencies, disposal of surplus funds, control over the collection and disbursement of funds, and maintenance of title to assets. The financial statements include the various departments, agencies, and other organizational units governed by the County Commission.

Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations even though are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - The following entities are blended in the accompanying general purpose financial statements:

Redevelopment Agency Municipal Building Authority

Blending means that component unit balances and transactions are combined with balances and transactions of the primary government. Although legally separate from the County, the above component units are blended because they are governed by a board comprised of the County Commission. The County retains fiscal responsibility for these entities. These entities are reported as special revenue funds.

Discretely presented component units - The financial statements include a component unit: Tooele County Recreation Special Service District. The component unit included in this report was selected using positive criteria as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The component unit was included due to the County's ability to significantly influence operations, fiscal accountability, and the scope of public service.

Complete financial statements for the component units may be obtained at the entities' administrative offices.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

This summary of significant accounting policies of Tooele County is presented to assist in understanding the County's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of County officials who are responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The accounting policies of Tooele County conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

Description of government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Basis of presentation - government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, interfund services provided and used have not been eliminated.

Basis of presentation - fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statement is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *human services fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for grant revenues and expenditures related to services provided for the general welfare of the County's citizens.

The *public health fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenditures related to services provided through the County's health department.

The *road maintenance fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for intergovernmental revenues and expenditures related to the maintenance of roads within the County.

The *municipal services fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for municipal revenues and expenditures related to various departments within the County, including roads and public safety.

General Capital Projects - This fund is used to account for the acquisition and development of various capital projects within the County.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *solid waste fund* accounts for revenue and expenditures related to the collection of waste and landfill operations within the County.

The deseret peak fund accounts for revenue and expenditures related to the recreation facility.

The airport fund accounts for revenue and expenditures related to the Wendover Airport.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for service equipment and central stores provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary funds include the Criminal Justice Agency Fund, the Treasurer's Tax Fund Agency Fund, and the Special Deposits Agency Fund, which are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurements of results of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisition under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

1. Deposits and investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the County, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Certain resources of the County's governmental funds are set aside for the following: debt, class B roads, capital improvements, transient room, restaurant tax, arts and recreation, tax stability, health services, and payment of landfill closure costs as required by applicable federal and state regulations.

2. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories of the Internal Service Funds (Central Stores Fund) and of the Special Revenue Funds (Aging and Adult Services Fund) are stated at cost on the first-in, first-out basis. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are included as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

3. Receivables and payables

All trade, property, sales, and franchise tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Sales taxes are collected by the State Tax Commission and remitted to the County monthly.

Property taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and remitted to the County shortly after collection. Property taxes are levied based on property values as of January 1 of each year, with liens posted as of the same date. Taxes are due and payable on November 1 and delinquent after 5 pm on November 30 of each year.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable government or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year, and for proprietary funds with initial cost of more then \$200. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements other than building	10-20
Machinery and equipment	7
Automobiles and trucks	3-7
Office furniture and equipment	3-5

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

5. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

6. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems Pension Plan (URS) and additions to/ deductions from URS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by URS. For this purpose, benefits payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recongized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

7. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

8. Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

9. Fund balance policies

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified in the government-wide financial statements as net position and is displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balance of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Fund financial statements

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned. Descriptions of each follow:

Nonspendable fund balance - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance - Amounts restricted by enabling legislation. Also reported if, (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws, regulations, or other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority, the County Commission. The commitment can only be removed through the same action.

Assigned fund balance - Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The County Commission has, by resolution, authorized the Auditors' Office to assign fund balance. The commission may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Assigned fund balance also includes all remaining amounts that are report in governmental funds, other than the general fund that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted nor committed, or in the General Fund, that are intended to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned fund balance - Residual classification of the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Revenues and expenditures/expenses

1. Program revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property on January 1st of each year. Taxes are levied on property owners in July and are payable by November 30th. The County bills and collects property taxes for all taxing entities within the County through the Tax Collection Agency Fund. Collections are periodically distributed to the taxing entities with final settlement due March 31st of the subsequent year. The County records a receivable and deferred revenue for delinquent taxes, but no allowance for doubtful accounts is made as uncollected taxes are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through foreclosure.

3. Compensated absences

The government's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The County's policy allows for a maximum of 320 hours to be carried over into the next year that includes vacation and converted sick leave. Sick leave can accumulate a maximum of 320 hours if certain conditions are met. The County pays all unused vacation days upon separation up to the maximum of 320 hours. An employee separating from county service will not be compensated for unused sick leave upon separation.

4. Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the transit fund and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 2 - Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total governmental fund balances and net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets.

Capital related items:

When capital assets (property, plant, and equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the County as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$ 118,834,292
Accumulated depreciation	 (27,364,506)
Total difference	\$ 91,469,786

Internal service funds:

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of equipment and central stores to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position." The details of this difference are as follows:

	Service	Central
	Equipment	Stores
Net position of the internal service funds	\$ 1,567,708	4,570

Note 2 - Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Long-term debt transactions:

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities in the fund financials. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at December 31, 2015, were:

Bonds payable	\$ (26,017,440)
Discount on issuance	296,477
Interest payable	(64,471)
Compensated absences	(877,731)
Deferred inflow pensions	(857,130)
Deferred outflow pension	2,286,644
Net penion liability	(5,057,260)
Net OPEB obligation	(3,823,712)
Total difference	\$ (34,114,623)

B. Explanation of differences between governmental fund operating statements and the statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The first element of this reconciliation states that capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures while the government-wide statement of activities allocates these costs over the useful lives of the assets as depreciation. While shown in the reconciliation as the net difference, the elements of this difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 2,424,761
Depreciation expense	(1,658,299)
Net difference as reported	\$ 766,462

Note 2 - Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Another element of the reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (i.e., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position." The details of this difference are as follows:

Principal repayments	\$ 745,584
Accrued interest	 3,650
Net difference as reported	\$ 749,234

Another element of the reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Amortization of bond discount	\$ (10,981)
Amortization of negative	
net pension obligation	808,863
Net OPEB obligation	19,773
Compensated absences	 164,943
Net difference reported	\$ 982,598

Another element of the reconciliation states that "Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of service equipment and central stores to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities." The details of this are as follows:

	S	Service	Central	
	Eq	uipment	Stores	
Changes in net position	\$	843	3,267	
Depreciation on fleet assets		32,527		
Net difference reported	\$	33,370	3,267	

Budgetary information

Budgets are prepared and adopted, in accordance with State law, by the Tooele County Commission. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Budgets must be adopted on or before December 31st for the following fiscal year, beginning January 1. Budgets may be increased by resolution of the Tooele County Commission at any time during the year. A public hearing must be held regarding any proposed increase in a fund's appropriations. Budgets are adopted at departmental levels. Budget amendments are required when excess expenditures occur at the departmental level for the General Fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Appropriations lapse at December 31.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Utah State law states that expenditures being made in excess of those budgeted, is an illegally created debt in violation of the Utah Constitution. As such, the total illegally created deficit should be budgeted to be made up in the following fiscal year. Deficits arising from emergencies are not illegal and may be retired over 5 years.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2015, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following departments and funds:

General fund - functions		Other funds	
Conservation and economic		Transportation - transfers out	126,279
development	\$ 528,349	Redevelopment Agency	
Other administrative	24,030	Transfers out	50,000
Transfers out	198,856	Debt Service	1,968

Utah State law allows for any unassigned fund balance in excess of 5% of the total revenues of the General Fund to be utilized for budget purposes. The law also allows for the accumulation of a fund balance in the General Fund in an amount equal to 50% of the total estimated revenue of the General Fund. In the event that the fund balance, at the end of the fiscal year, is in excess of that allowed, the County has one year to determine an appropriate use and then the excess must be included as an available resource in the General Fund budget. For the year ending December 31, 2015, the County is not over 50% of the total limit of revenue in the General Fund.

Concentration of credit risk

The County received about 12% of its governmental fund revenue from mitigation fees amounting to \$5,488,521.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 4 - Detailed Notes on all Funds

Deposits and investments

The County follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code, Title 51, Chapter 7) in handling its depository and investment transactions. The Act requires the depositing of Entity funds in a qualified depository. The Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the Federal Government and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the local government's deposits may not be recovered. The local government's policy for managing custodial credit risk is to adhere to the Money Management Act. As of December 31, 2015, \$5,658,836 of the local government's bank balances of \$5,198,836 were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments

The State of Utah Money Management Council has the responsibility to advise the State Treasurer about investment policies, promote measures and rules that will assist in strengthening the banking and credit structure of the state, and review the rules adopted under the authority of the State of Utah Money Management Act that relate to the deposit and investment of public funds.

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments for the County's funds and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investment securities.

Statutes authorize the County to invest in negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United States Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; obligations, other than mortgage derivative products, issued by U.S. government sponsored enterprises (U.S. Agencies) such as the Federal Home Loan Bank System, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), and Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae); bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rated "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Money Management Act; and the Utah State Public Treasurers' Investment Fund.

Note 4 - Detailed Notes on all Funds - Continued

The Utah State Treasurer's Office operates the Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF). The PTIF is available for investment of funds administered by any Utah public treasurer and is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act (*Utah Code*, Title 51, Chapter 7). The Act established the Money Management Council which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF and details the types of authorized investments. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah, and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains, and losses of the PTIF, net of administration fees, are allocated based upon the participant's average daily balance. The fair value of the PTIF investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

Fair Value of Investments - The County measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;

Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,

Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

		Fair Value Measurements Using				
Investments by fair value level	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3					
Debt Securities						
Utah Public Treasurers'						
Investment Fund	\$		36,317,116	-		
Total investments measured						
at fair value	\$	<u>-</u>	36,317,116	-		

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt and equity securities classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches:

- U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agencies, and Commercial Paper: quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active;
- Money Market, Bond, and Equity Mutual Funds: published fair value per share (unit) for each fund;
- Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund: application of the December 31, 2015 fair value factor, as calculated by the Utah State Treasurer, to the Entity's average daily balance in the Fund.

Note 4 - Detailed Notes on all Funds - Continued

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Money Management Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations to 270 days - 15 months or less. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in obligations of the United States Treasury; obligations issued by U.S. government sponsored enterprises; and bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State to 5 years. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding 3 years.

As of December 31, 2015, the County's investments had the following maturities:

	 Quality Ratings				
Investment Type	 AA	A	Unrated		
Utah Public Treasurers'					
Investment Fund	\$ -	-	36,317,116		
Total	\$ -	-	36,317,116		

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to 5-10% depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments - For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The local government is authorized to invest in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF), an external pooled investment fund managed by the Utah State Treasurer and subject to the Act and Council requirements. The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, and deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains, and losses, net of administration fees, of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participants' average daily balances.

Ungarnad

Note 4 - Detailed Notes on all Funds - Continued

Receivables

Receivables as of year end for the government's general and enterprise funds are as follows:

	Go	vernmental	Business-type	Total
Accounts, net	\$	1,182,655	591,173	1,773,828
B & C road		477,010	-	477,010
Property taxes		2,657,677	-	2,657,677
Intergovernmental		1,592,490	-	1,592,490
	\$	5,909,832	591,173	6,501,005

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Ona	anaoic	Officarricu
Prepaid revenue (mitigation fees)	\$	-	-
Grant drawdowns prior to meeting all eligibility requirements		-	50,000
Total deferred / unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$	-	50,000

In 1996 the County entered into an agreement to lease a building to Wendover City. The City occupies 47% of the building. At the conclusion of the lease term, the City will own the building with no further consideration. The City has agreed to pay annual installments of \$46,132 for 21 years towards the purchase price of their portion of the building, \$549,900. The future minimum lease payments for this lease is as follows:

Years ending		Capital leas	e receivable				
December 31	Principal		Principal		Principal		Interest
2016	\$	41,369	4,763				
2017		43,687	2,446				
Total	\$	85,056	7,209				

Unavailabla

Note 4 - Detailed Notes on all Funds - Continued

Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

Primary Government		Beginning			Ending
Governmental activities		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$	7,570,720	-	-	7,570,720
Infrastructure		41,472,244	-	-	41,472,244
Construction in process		1,365,183	1,216,945	-	2,582,128
Total capital assets not being depreciated		50,408,147	1,216,945	-	51,625,092
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements		54,155,279	198,856	-	54,354,135
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		11,891,483	1,008,960	(45,378)	12,855,065
Total capital assets being depreciated		66,046,762	1,207,816	(45,378)	67,209,200
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings and improvements		(15,091,814)	(1,197,972)	-	(16,289,786)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		(10,659,771)	(460,327)	45,378	(11,074,720)
Total accumulated depreciation		(25,751,585)	(1,658,299)	45,378	(27,364,506)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		40,295,177	(450,483)	-	39,844,694
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	90,703,324	766,462	-	91,469,786
Business-type activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$	1,759,620	_	_	1,759,620
Construction in process	Ψ	6,694,667	1,839,268	(7,139,368)	1,394,567
Total capital assets not being depreciated		8,454,287	1,839,268	(7,139,368)	3,154,187
Capital assets being depreciated		0, 10 1,207	1,000,200	(1,103,000)	2,10 1,107
Buildings and improvements		47,607,224	8,284,825	-	55,892,049
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		6,162,319	221,447	(1,350,669)	5,033,097
Total capital assets being depreciated		53,769,543	8,506,272	(1,350,669)	60,925,146
Less accumulated depreciation for				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Buildings and improvements		(20,039,141)	(2,611,637)	(432,445)	(23,083,223)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		(4,619,980)	(178,306)	631,966	(4,166,320)
Total accumulated depreciation		(24,659,121)	(2,789,943)	199,521	(27,249,543)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		29,110,422	5,716,329	(1,151,148)	33,675,603
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	37,564,709	7,555,597	(8,290,516)	36,829,790

^{*}Additions and deletions include a reclassification of \$1,145,457 in historical cost and \$432,445 in prior accumulated depreciation between buildings & improvements and furniture, fixtures, & equipment.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 4 - Detailed Notes on all Funds - Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

\$ 1,230,937
187,083
187,704
2,513
50,062
\$ 1,658,299
_
\$ 89,553
945,842
1,754,317
\$ 2,789,712

Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

Interfund transfers

	Transfers out					
			Road	Municipal		Total
		General	Maintenance	Services	Non major	Transfers In
Transfers in						
General fund	\$	-	-	-	50,000	50,000
Human Services		480,000	-	-	-	480,000
Public Health		640,000	-	-	-	640,000
Road Maintenance		976,000	-	545,766	126,279	1,648,045
Capital Projects		505,856	-	-	-	505,856
Nonmajor		838,973	-	-	-	838,973
Deseret Peak		595,590	-	-	141,000	736,590
Total transfers out	\$	4,036,419	-	545,766	317,279	4,899,464

Note 4 - Detailed Notes on all Funds - Continued

Long-term debt

The following is a summary of transactions affecting long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Sales tax revenue bonds \$	1,976,400	-	(215,460)	1,760,940	220,320
Lease revenue bonds	24,550,000	-	(440,000)	24,110,000	455,000
Unamortized discount	(307,458)	-	10,981	(296,477)	-
Capital leases	236,624	-	(90,124)	146,500	72,417
Compensated absences	1,042,674	450,830	(615,773)	877,731	658,298
Net pension liability	6,580,572	-	(1,514,526)	5,066,046	-
Net post employment					
benefit obligation	3,843,485	255,557	(275,330)	3,823,712	
Total governmental long-term liabilities	37,922,297	706,387	(3,140,232)	35,488,452	1,406,035
Business-type activities:					
Lease revenue bonds	365,108	-	(85,108)	280,000	85,000
Lease revenue bonds	392,349	-	(7,239)	385,110	9,866
Lease revenue bonds	55,311	-	(25,743)	29,568	24,934
Sales tax revenue bonds	269,000	-	(43,000)	226,000	44,000
Sales tax revenue bonds	1,512,000	-	(141,000)	1,371,000	147,000
Sales tax revenue bonds	463,600	-	(50,540)	413,060	51,680
Net pension liability	570,138	-	(119,217)	450,921	-
Net post employment benefit obligation Total business-type	416,098	28,123	(23,433)	420,788	
long-term liabilities	4,043,604	28,123	(495,280)	3,576,447	362,480
Total long-term debt \$	41,965,901	734,510	(3,635,512)	39,064,899	1,768,515

Note 4 - Detailed Notes on all Funds - Continued

Long-term debt (continued)

Sales tax revenue issues at December 31, 2015 consist of the following:

Series	Purpose	Origi	inal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Final Maturity Date	Οι	Current utstanding Balance
2003 A	Finance costs associated with the expansion of the water lines at Deseret Peak	\$	700,000	1.70%	2020	\$	226,000
2008	Finance the construction and equipping of the convention facilities at Deseret Peak		2,275,000	4.29%	2023		1,371,000
2012	Advance refunding bond used to defease other bonds		2,974,000	2.15%	2024		2,174,000
						\$	3,771,000
				Governmental act			1,760,940 2,010,060
						\$	3,771,000
Leas	se revenue issues at December Purpose		015 consist of	of the following: Interest Rate Range	Final Maturity Date	Oı	Current utstanding Balance
1998 A	Finance the construction of the Airport	\$	1,200,000	6.00%	2018	\$	280,000
1998 B	Finance the construction of the Airport		500,000	4.75%	2038		385,110
1998 C	Finance the construction of the Airport		331,800	4.75%	2018		29,568
2010 - ABC	Finance the construction of the jail		25,340,000	4.0 to 8.00%	2042		24,110,000
						\$	24,804,678
				Governmental act			24,110,000 694,678

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 4 - Detailed Notes on all Funds - Continued

Capital leases at December 31, 2015 consist of the following:

Series	Purpose	Orig	inal Amount	Interest Rate Range	Final Maturity Date	tstanding Balance
2013 Fina	nce vehicles	\$	420,289	2.30%	2017	\$ 146,500
						\$ 146,500
				Governmental act	tivities	\$ 146,500
				Business-type act	ivities	 -
						\$ 146,500

The government entered into multiple lease agreements as lessee to finance the of acquisition of equipment and vehicles. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease since they transfer benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the end of the lease term. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures at the governmental fund level. The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities
Equipment	\$	420,289	-
Less accumulated depreciation		(210,145)	
	\$	210,145	-

Note 4 - Detailed Notes on all Funds - Continued

Long-term debt (continued)

Debt service requirements of bonds at December 31, 2015 are as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Sales tax	revenue	Lease revenue		Capital 1	Lease
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
Years end	ing					
December	: 31					
2016 \$	220,320	35,442	455,000	1,884,845	72,417	3,369
2017	224,370	30,668	470,000	1,857,090	74,083	1,704
2018	230,040	25,790	490,000	1,828,420	-	-
2019	232,470	20,826	510,000	1,798,530	-	-
2020	240,570	15,747	530,000	1,767,420	-	-
2021-2025	613,170	25,295	3,025,000	9,136,305	-	-
2026-2030	-	-	3,865,000	8,257,126	-	-
2031-2035	-	-	4,960,000	6,967,338	-	-
2036-2040	-	-	6,180,000	5,251,740	-	-
2041-2045	-	-	3,625,000	488,058	-	
Total \$	1,760,940	153,768	24,110,000	39,236,872	146,500	5,073

Business-type Activities

	Dusiness type neuvities									
		Sales tax	revenue	Lease revenue						
•	P	rincipal	Interest	Principal	Interest					
Years e	ndin	ıg								
Decemb	ber 3	31								
2016	\$	242,680	67,819	119,800	35,760					
2017		250,630	59,495	109,979	29,345					
2018		258,960	50,868	110,848	23,112					
2019		267,530	41,922	11,374	16,586					
2020		277,430	41,922	11,928	15,452					
2021-2025		712,830	43,234	68,916	70,884					
2026-2030		-	-	87,365	52,435					
2031-2035		-	-	110,754	29,046					
2036-2040		-	-	63,714	3,857					
Total	\$	2,010,060	305,260	694,678	276,477					

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 4 - Detailed Notes on all Funds - Continued

Long-term debt (continued)

Bond Advance Refunding

On November 20, 2012, the County issued \$2,974,000 in sales tax revenue refunding bonds with an interest rate of 2.147%. The County issued the bonds to advance refund \$2,837,000 of the outstanding sales tax revenue bonds with interest rates ranging between 1.55% and 5%. As a result, that portion of the sales tax revenue bonds is considered defeased, and the County has removed the liability from its accounts. There is no outstanding principal balance for the defeased bonds. The advance refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$246,456. This results in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$117,625.

Note 5 - Other Information

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

Eligible plan participants are provided with pensions through the Utah Retirement Systems. The Utah Retirement Systems are comprised of the following pension trust funds:

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Noncontributory System); Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Contributory System; are multiple employer, cost sharing, public employees, retirement system.
- The Public Safety Retirement System (Public Safety System) is a mixed agent and cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement system.
- Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Employees System); and the Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters System); are multiple employer, cost sharing, public employee retirement systems.

The Tier 2 Public Employees System became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with any of the Utah Retirement Systems, are members of the Tier 2 Retirement System.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 5 - Other Information - continued

The Utah Retirement Systems (Systems) are established and governed by the respective sections of Title 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended. The Systems' defined benefit plans are amended statutorily by the State Legislature. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Title 49 provides for the administration of the Systems under the direction of the Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems are fiduciary funds defined as pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds. URS is a component unit of the State of Utah. Title 49 of the Utah Code grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms. URS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing Utah Retirement Systems, 560 E. 200 S, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or visiting the website: www.urs.org.

Benefits Provided

URS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are as follows:

Summary of Benefits by System

System	Final Average Salary	Years of Service required and/or age eligible for benefit	Benefit percent per year of service	COLA**
Non-contributory	Highest 3 years	30 years any age 25 years any age* 20 years any age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	2.0% per year all years	Up to 4%
Contributory	Highest 5 Years	30 years any age 20 years any age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	1.25 per year to June 1975; 2.00% per year July 1975 to present	Up to 4%
Public Safety	Highest 3 years	20 years any age 10 years age 60 4 years age 65	2.5% per year up to 20 years; 2.0% per year over 20 years	Up to 2.5% to 4% depending on the employer
Firefighters	Highest 3 Years	20 years any age 10 years age 60 4 years age 65	2.5% per year up to 20 years; 2.0% per year over 20 years	Up to 4%
Tier 2 Public Employees	Highest 5 years	35 years any age 20 years age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	1.5% per year all years	Up to 2.5%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	Highest 5 years	25 years any age 20 years age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	1.5% per year all years	Up to 2.5%

^{*} with actuarial reductions

^{**} All post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments are non-compounding and are based on the original benefit except for Judges, which is a compounding benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments are also limited to the actual Consumer Price Index (CPI) increase for the year, although unused CPI increases not met may be carried forward to subsequent years.

Note 5 - Other Information - continued

Contributions

As a condition of participation in the Systems, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the URS Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable) is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contribution rates are as follows:

Utah Retirement Systems

	Employee	Employer for	Contribution
	Paid	Employee	Rates
Contributory System			
11 - Local Governmental Division Tier 1	N/A	6.000%	14.460%
111 - Local Governmental Division Tier 2	N/A	N/A	14.910%
Noncontributory System			
15 - Local Governmental Division Tier 1	N/A	N/A	18.470%
Public Safety Retirement System			
43 - Other Division A Noncontributory Tier 1	N/A	N/A	34.040%
122 - Other Division A Contributory Tier 2	N/A	N/A	22.500%
Firefighters System			
31 Division A Tier 1	N/A	15.050%	3.990%

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2014, we reported a net pension asset of \$8,786 and a net pension liability of \$5,516,967.

	Proportionate	Net	Pension	Net Pension
Noncontributory System	0.7897345%	\$	-	3,429,213
Contributory System	0.0910461%		-	26,262
Public Safety System	1.6392489%		-	2,061,492
Tier 2 Public Employees System	0.1891136%		5,731	-
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters Sy	/s 0.2065054%		3,055	
Total Net Pension Asset / Liability		\$	8,786	5,516,967

The net pension asset and liability was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset and liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2014 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The proportion of the net pension asset and liability was based upon actual historical employer contributions to the plan from the census data submitted to the plan for pay periods ending in 2014.

Note 5 - Other Information - continued

For the year ended December 31, 2014, we recognized pension expense of \$1,477,802. At December 31, 2014, we reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ 100	318,798
Changes in assumptions	-	614,624
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	128,667	-
Changes in proportion and differences between		
contributions and proportionate share of	-	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,361,410	-
Total	\$ 2,490,177	933,422

\$2,361,410 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from contributions made by us prior to our fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2014. These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Deferred Outflows (inflows) of Resources
2015	\$ (223,350)
2016	(220,139)
2017	(218,827)
2018	(135,963)
2019	(1,011)
Thereafter	(5,368)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases 3.5 - 10.5%, average, including

Investment rate of return 7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Active member mortality rates are a function of the member's gender, occupation, and age and are developed based upon plan experience. Retiree mortality assumptions are highlighted in the table below.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 5 - Other Information - continued

Retired Member mortality
Class of member

Public Safety and firefighters
Men RP 2000mWC (100%)
Women EDUF (120%)
Local Government, Public Employees
Men RP 2000mWC (100%)
Women EDUF (120%)

EDUM - Constructed mortality table based on actual experience of male educators multiplied by given percentage EDUF = Constructed mortality table based on actual experience of female educators multiplied by given percentage $RP\ 2000mWC = RP\ 2000\ Combined$ mortality table for males with white collar adjustments multiplied by given

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five year period ending December 31, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Expected Return Arithmetic Basis

	—			
Asset Class	Target Asset	Real Return	Long-Term expected	
Equity Securities	40%	7.06%	2.82%	
Debt Securities	20%	0.80%	0.16%	
Real Assets	13%	5.10%	0.66%	
Private equity	9%	11.30%	1.02%	
Absolute Return	18%	3.15%	0.57%	
Cash and cash	0%	0.00%	0.00%	
Totals	100%		5.23%	
Inflation			2.75%	
Expected arithmetic nominal	return		7.98%	

The 7.50% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.75%, and a real return of 4.75% that is net of investment expense.

Note 5 - Other Information - continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates that are actuarially determined and certified by the URS Board. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset and liability to changes in the discoun

The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	Rate (7.50%)	(8.50%)
Proportionate share of		_	
Net pension (asset)/liability	\$ 13,575,636	\$ 5,508,181	\$ (1,146,755)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

Defined Contribution System

	Employee Paid		Employer Paid	
December 31, 2015	Contributions		Contributions	
401(k) Plan	\$	246,899	\$	137,573
457 Plan	\$	46,881	\$	-
Roth IRA Plan	\$	15,531	\$	-
Traditional IRA Plan	\$	2,233	\$	-
HRA Plan	\$	_	\$	-

The employer paid 401(k) contributions include the totals paid for employees enrolled in the Tier 2 Defined Contribution 401(k) Plan.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 5 - Other Information - Continued

Risk management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. The County is a member of the Utah Local Governments Trust (ULGT), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for Utah State Governments. The County pays an annual premium to ULGT for its general insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

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Note 5 - Other Information - Continued

Other Post-employment Benefits

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 5, The County provides postemployment health care and life insurance benefits, through a single employer defined benefit plan, to all eligible employees who retired from the County prior to July 1, 2013. Employees retiring on or after July 1, 2013 are no longer eligible for retiree health insurance coverage. Employees who had at least ten years of service as of July 1, 2013, are eligible for a premium waiver credit upon meeting the Utah Retirement Systems retirement eligibility requirements. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by County policy, and can be amended at any time. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report.

The County currently pays for postemployment benefits on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. Although the County is studying the establishment of a trust that would be used to cumulate and invest assets necessary to pay for the accumulated liability, these financial statements assume that "pay-as-you-go" funding will continue.

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) costs (expense) is calculated based on the employer's annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. For the year December 31, 2015, the County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is \$283,680. The following table shows the components of the County's net annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation.

Annual required contribution	\$ 355,712
Interest on net OPEB obligation	170,383
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(242,415)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	283,680
Contributions Made	(298,763)
Decrease in net OPEB obligation	(15,083)
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	 4,259,583
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$ 4,244,500

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 5 - Other Information - Continued

Other Post-employment Benefits - Continued

The funded status of the plan as of December 31, 2015 is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 4,431,828
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 4,431,828
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	n/a
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	n/a

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of an occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of fund progress, shown as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, present the results of OPEB valuations as of December 31, 2015 and looking forward, the schedule will eventually provide multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs among the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4% unfunded discount rate and an annual healthcare costs trend rate of 8% initially, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.0% after ten years. Both rates included a 3% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the County has not advance funded its obligations. The UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar value over fifteen years based on a closed group.

Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 5 - Other Information - Continued

Landfill closure and post closure care costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill sites when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

Tooele County owns and maintains three landfill sites located in the Tooele, Utah area. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its Ibapah, Bauer, and Wendover landfill sites when they stop accepting construction waste and perform certain maintenance and monitoring action at the sites for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the landfills stop accepting waste, the County reported a liability at December 31, 2015 of \$144,892, which represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use percent of the estimated capacity of the landfills. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post closure care of the \$266,879 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. The amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all post closure care in 2041. The County expects to close the landfill in 2041. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. At December 31, 2015 the County has \$421,298 of investments which are held for these purposes. These are reported as restricted assets on the solid waste proprietary fund statement of net position.

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Notes to Financial Statements-Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note 5 - Other Information - Continued

Commitments and Contingencies

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. For certain of these cases, where it is probable that a claim will be paid, the County has determined that such claims would be covered under the County's insurance policy. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Attorney's Office, the resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Prior period adjustment

The County has implemented GASB 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension. Those standards require restatement of beginning net position as it relates to net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and net pension asset in the amount of \$4,832,830.

The County has increased the fund balance for the General Fund by \$1,133,570 and the Municipal Services Fund by \$181,898 for amounts not accrued as receivable in 2014.

Subsequent events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through July 20, 2016, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. There have been no subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the balance sheet.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Schedule of Condition and Ratings for the County's Road System

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

As allowed by GASB Statement 34, Tooele County has adopted the modified approach for reporting, where infrastructure assets are not depreciated and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed. The County capitalizes costs related to new construction or major replacements under the modified approach.

Tooele County's entire Asphalt Pavement road network is 401.4 centerline miles of road, or approximately 6.3 million square yards. The purpose of this report is to document how Tooele County has met all the requirements of the modified approach including:

- 1. Keeping a current inventory of assets,
- 2. Completing a condition assessment at least once every three years based on an industry standard or measurement scale, and
- 3. Estimating the annual amount required to maintain and preserve the asset at or above an established level of service.

Tooele County has a program in place to track and manage the Asphalt Pavement road network. This information is updated on a regular basis. The inventory information maintained by the County includes road names, to and from roads, length, width, functional class, and importance.

The road department performs a condition assessment of the entire road network every 3 years. Asphalt pavement distresses are identified and the condition of the road is recorded. The pavement distress identification process is based on the Distress Identification Manual for Long-Term Pavement Performance Projects (SHRP Distress Manual) published by the Strategic Highway Research Program (SHRP), which is the research arm of the Federal Highway Administration.

According to the SHRP Distress Manual, "The Distress Identification Manual for Long-Term Pavement Performance Projects was developed to provide a consistent, uniform basis for collecting distress data for the Long-Term Pavement Performance (LTPP) Program." The manual defines each type of pavement distress including specific distress severity levels. Using this information, Tooele County can determine the condition of each road and give each road a Remaining Service Life (RSL) value.

The years of service that exist in a road without accounting for potential treatments is referred to as remaining service life (RSL). Remaining service life is the value that can be used to express how many years this road will last if there are no treatments applied.

Schedule of Condition and Ratings for the County's Road System - continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Using the condition information, the County categorizes its roads into Excellent, Good, Fair, and Poor condition. Excellent roads have low severity distresses, require little or no maintenance, and have an RSL of 17-20. Good roads have medium severity distresses, can be preserved for an extended period of time with a surface treatment, and have an RSL of 9-16. Fair roads require rehabilitation such as thick overlay and have an RSL of 5-8. Poor roads require reconstruction and have an RSL of 0-4. The distribution of Tooele County's paved roads is listed below.

Category	<u>RSL</u>	Description
Excellent	17 to 20	New or nearly new pavement which provides a very smooth ride and is mainly free of distress and requires no maintenance.
Good	9 to 16	Pavement that provides an adequate ride and exhibits few, if any, visible signs of distress. Minor maintenance may be needed.
Fair	5 to 8	Surface defects such as cracking, rutting, and raveling affect the ride of the user. Major maintenance is likely needed.
Poor	0 to 4	Roadways have deteriorated to such extent that they need resurfacing, and the ride is noticeably rough. Structural improvements and major maintenance are likely needed.

The service level that will be maintained by the County is an average RSL of 8 or above with less than 30% in the Poor condition category.

There are 832 miles of gravel roads and 237 miles of dirt roads in Tooele County. These roads are maintained so that a passenger car can travel these roads under dry conditions.

Established Condition Level

As stated above, it is the County's policy to maintain an average RSL of 8 or above for all roads with less than 30% in the Poor condition category.

Schedule of Condition and Ratings for the County's Road System - continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Assessed Conditions

The following table reports that Average assessment level of all road pavement, as well as the percentage of roads in the Poor condition category as assessed in 2014, 2011, and 2008.

Category	<u>2014</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2008</u>
Average Assessment	38.7%	12.5%	9.3%
Poor	32.5%	28.3%	13.2%

The following table represents the County's estimated amounts needed to maintain and preserve its road network at or above the established condition levels, as well as the actual amounts expended on road maintenance and preservation for each of the past five reporting periods (in thousands).

Year	Estimated Expenditures	Actual Expenditures
2015	\$ 4,509	\$ 4,417
2014	2,704	2,465
2013	2,459	2,292
2012	2,964	2,697
2011	3,528	3,443

Tooele County, Utah Postemployment Benefit Plan - Schedule of Funding Progress For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)- Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UALL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Co	vered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/2008	\$ -	\$ 8,255,860	\$ 8,255,860	0%	\$	12,801,276	64.5%
12/31/2009	-	9,057,199	9,057,199	0%		13,185,314	68.7%
12/31/2010	-	9,458,726	9,458,726	0%		13,301,269	71.1%
12/31/2011	-	9,860,253	9,860,253	0%		13,320,300	74.0%
12/31/2012	-	10,523,213	10,523,213	0%		12,717,747	82.7%
12/31/2013	-	3,269,453	3,269,453	0%		n/a	n/a
12/31/2014	-	3,249,167	3,249,167	0%		n/a	n/a
12/31/2015	-	4,431,828	4,431,828	0%		n/a	n/a

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Utah Retirement Systems

Fiscal Years Ending December 31*

	2014
Noncontributory System	
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.7897345%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,429,213
Covered employee payroll	\$ 6,672,074
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	51.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.20%
<u>Contributory Retirement System</u> Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0910461%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 26,262
Covered employee payroll	\$ 48,694
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	53.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94.00%
Public Safety System Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	1.6392489%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,061,492
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,705,050
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	76.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.50%
<u>Tier 2 Public Employees System</u> Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	18.9113600%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (5,731)
Covered employee payroll	\$ 928,294
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	-0.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	103.50%
<u>Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters System</u> Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.2065054%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (3,055)
Covered employee payroll	\$ 85,378
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	-3.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	120.50%

^{*} In accordance with paragraph 81.a of GASB 68, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history of their proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) in their RSI. The 10-year schedule will need to be built prospectively. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the employers the fiscal year.

NA Information not available

Tooele County, Utah Schedule of Contributions Utah Retirement Systems Last 10 Fiscal Years Ending December 31

	 2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Noncontributory System Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,215,741	1,492,963	1,215,741	1,241,242	1,371,792
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,215,741)	(1,492,963)	(1,215,741)	(1,241,242)	(1,371,792)
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-		-	-
Covered employee payroll	10,933,952	10,243,234	7,337,695	6,725,074	6,839,341
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.12%	14.58%	16.57%	18.46%	20.06%
Contributory Retirement System Contractually required contribution	\$ -	-	-	-	7,332
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	-	-	-	-	(7,332)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -				-
Covered employee payroll					50,702
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	14.46%
Public Safety System Contractually required contribution	\$ 833,365	932,415	828,116	807,420	825,881
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(833,365)	(932,415)	(828,116)	(807,420)	(825,881)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	-	-	-	-
Covered employee payroll	3,464,657	3,554,010	2,957,770	2,705,050	2,509,565
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	24.05%	26.24%	28.00%	29.85%	32.91%
Tier 2 Public Employees System Contractually required contribution	\$ 20,345	52,712	54,170	87,701	122,087
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(20,345)	(52,712)	(54,170)	(87,701)	(122,087)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-
Covered employee payroll	155,718	534,980	508,241	976,988	1,468,363
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.07%	9.85%	10.66%	8.98%	8.31%
<u>Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters System</u> Contractually required contribution	\$ -	7,563	5,277	9,305	34,317
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	-	(7,563)	(5,277)	(9,305)	(34,317)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	-			-
Covered employee payroll	-	69,992	47,755	85,378	318,783
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	10.81%	11.05%	10.90%	10.77%

^{*} Amounts presented were determined as of calendar year January 1 - December 31. Employers will be required to prospectively develop this table in future years to show 10-years of information.

^{**} Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll may be different than the Board certified rate due to rounding or other administrative issues

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Tooele County, Utah
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual - Capital Projects General
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Budgeted A	Amounts	_	
	(Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues					
Interest on investments	\$	-	-	6,147	6,147
Intergovernmental		-	-	2,005,741	2,005,741
Other				46,132	46,132
Total revenues				2,058,020	2,058,020
Expenditures					
Capital outlay		525,000	532,000	1,794,309	(1,262,309)
Total expenditures		525,000	532,000	1,794,309	(1,262,309)
Excess revenues over (under)					
expenditures		(525,000)	(532,000)	263,711	795,711
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in		525,000	532,000	505,856	(26,144)
Total other financing sources and (uses)		525,000	532,000	505,856	(26,144)
Net change in fund balance		-	-	769,567	769,567
Fund balances - beginning of year, as adjusted		309,427	309,427	309,427	<u> </u>
Fund balances - end of year	\$	309,427	309,427	1,078,994	769,567

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts and major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Tooele County has the following nonmajor special revenue funds:

Aging and Adult Services - This fund is used to account for state funding and charges for services related to the activities assisting the aging citizens of the County.

Transient room tax - This fund is used to account for transient room tax revenue and expenditures related to the promotion of tourism in the County.

Transportation - This fund is used to account for revenue and expenditures related to transportation in the County.

Redevelopment Agency - This fund is used to account for redevelopment agency transactions conducted by the County, including property acquisition, site improvements, preparation costs, installation of public improvements, and administration costs.

Municipal Building Authority - This fund is used to account for the lease revenue and payment of principal and interest on bonds used to finance construction in the County.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds. Tooele County has the following nonmajor debt service fund:

Debt Service - This fund is used to account for principal and interest on bonds used to finance construction in the County.

Capital Project Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds. Tooele County has the following nonmajor capital projects funds:

MBA Jail - This fund is used to account for the ongoing acquisition, construction, and other replacements related to the County Jail.

Tooele County, Utah Combining Balance Sheet - Continued Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2015

		S	pecial Reven	Capital Projects				
	Aging and Adult Services	Transient Room Tax	Transport - ation Fund	Redevelopment Agency	Municipal Building Authority	Debt Service	MBA Jail	Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows								
of Resources								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 323,140	1,659,168	841	107,963	-	623,673	162,189	2,876,974
Restricted cash	-	-	-	-	747,318	-	-	747,318
Receivables -								
Accounts (net)	53,321	123,967	-	-	_	_	_	177,288
Inventory	1,381	-	-	-	_	_	_	1,381
Total assets and deferred								,
outflows of resources	\$ 377,842	1,783,135	841	107,963	747,318	623,673	162,189	3,802,961
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				=======================================				
Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 34,456	14,314	-	-	-	239,474	_	288,244
Accrued liabilities	2,632	-						2,632
Total liabilities	37,088	14,314		_ _		239,474		290,876
Fund Balances								
Restricted for								
Debt	-	_	_	_	747,318	_	_	747,318
Transient room/ Restaurant tax	-	1,768,821	_	_	-	_	_	1,768,821
Assigned		-,,,						-,,
Special Revenue Funds	340,754	_	841	107,963	_	_	_	449,558
Debt Service Funds	-	_	-	-	_	384,199	_	384,199
Capital Projects Funds		-	-		-	-	162,189	162,189
Total fund balances	340,754	1,768,821	841	107,963	747,318	384,199	162,189	3,512,085
Total liabilities, deferred		-,,,			,			-,,
inflows of resources,								
and fund balances	\$ 377,842	1,783,135	841	107,963	747,318	623,673	162,189	3,802,961

Tooele County, Utah Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Continued Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		, ,	Special Reven	ue		C	apital Projects	
	Aging and Adult Services	Transient Room Tax	Transport - ation Fund	Redevelopment Agency	Municipal Building Authority	Debt Service	MBA Jail	Total
Revenues							_	_
Taxes	\$ -	913,689	-	45,738	-	-	-	959,427
Intergovernmental	562,467	-	126,279	-	713,996	-	-	1,402,742
Charges for services	539,972	-	-	-	-	-	-	539,972
Interest on investments	-	13,055	-	-	-	7,820	-	20,875
Lease revenue	-	-	-	-	1,634,800	-	-	1,634,800
Other	40,332			. <u> </u>				40,332
Total revenues	1,142,771	926,744	126,279	45,738	2,348,796	7,820		4,598,148
Expenditures								
Tourism and promotion	-	627,734	-	-	-	-	-	627,734
Public health and human services	1,522,393	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,522,393
Debt Service								
Principle	-	-	-	-	440,000	215,460	-	655,460
Interest	-	-	-	-	1,898,120	40,088	-	1,938,208
Bond costs		-			4,500	2,500		7,000
Total expenditures	1,522,393	627,734			2,342,620	258,048		4,750,795
Excess revenues over (under)								
expenditures	(379,622)	299,010	126,279	45,738	6,176	(250,228)	<u> </u>	(152,647)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Operating transfers in	582,893	-	-	-	-	256,080	-	838,973
Operating transfers out	-	(141,000)	(126,279)	(50,000)	-	-	-	(317,279)
Total other financing sources (uses)	582,893	(141,000)	(126,279)	(50,000)	-	256,080	-	521,694
Net change in fund balance	203,271	158,010	-	(4,262)	6,176	5,852	-	369,047
Fund balances - beginning								
of year	137,483	1,610,811	841	112,225	741,142	378,347	162,189	3,143,038
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 340,754	1,768,821	841	107,963	747,318	384,199	162,189	3,512,085

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of

Tooele County, Utah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Aging and Adult Services For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues	<u> </u>		Timo unus	T mar Baaget
Intergovernmental	\$ 512,000	512,000	562,467	50,467
Charges for services	483,150	483,150	539,972	56,822
Other	40,000	40,000	40,332	332
Total revenues	1,035,150	1,035,150	1,142,771	107,621
Expenditures				
Public health and human services	1,588,043	1,618,043	1,522,393	95,650
Total expenditures	1,588,043	1,618,043	1,522,393	95,650
Excess revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(552,893)	(582,893)	(379,622)	203,271
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	552,893	582,893	582,893	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	552,893	582,893	582,893	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	203,271	203,271
Fund balances - beginning of year	137,483	137,483	137,483	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 137,483	137,483	340,754	203,271

Tooele County, Utah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Transient Room Tax For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted A	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Taxes Interest on investments	\$ 760,000	760,000	913,689 13,055	153,689 13,055
Total revenues	760,000	760,000	926,744	166,744
Expenditures Tourism and promotion	652,000	652,000	627,734	24,266
Total expenditures	652,000	652,000	627,734	24,266
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	108,000	108,000	299,010	191,010
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers out	(141,000)	(141,000)	(141,000)	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(141,000)	(141,000)	(141,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(33,000)	(33,000)	158,010	191,010
Fund balances - beginning of year	1,610,811	1,610,811	1,610,811	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 1,577,811	1,577,811	1,768,821	191,010

Tooele County, Utah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Transportation Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Bı	udgeted .	Amounts			
	Ori	ginal	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$			126,279	126,279	
Total revenues		_		126,279	126,279	
Expenditures General government		_				
Total expenditures						
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		-		126,279	126,279	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers out			<u> </u>	(126,279)	(126,279)	
Total other financing sources and (uses)				(126,279)	(126,279)	
Net change in fund balance		-	-	-	-	
Fund balances - beginning of year		841	841	841		
Fund balances - end of year	\$	841	841	841		

Tooele County, Utah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Redevelopment Agency For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Taxes	\$ -		45,738	45,738
Total revenues			45,738	45,738
Expenditures General government		<u> </u> .		
Total expenditures			-	
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		<u> </u> .	45,738	45,738
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	<u>-</u>	- -	(50,000)	(50,000)
Total other financing sources and (uses)			(50,000)	(50,000)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(4,262)	(4,262)
Fund balances - beginning of year	112,225	112,225	112,225	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 112,225	112,225	107,963	(4,262)

Tooele County, Utah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Municipal Building Authority For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Budgeted.	Amounts		
		Actual	Variance with
Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
\$ -	-	713,996	713,996
1,634,800	1,634,800	1,634,800	
1,634,800	1,634,800	2,348,796	713,996
440,000	440,000	440,000	-
1,904,796	1,904,796	1,898,120	6,676
4,000	4,000	4,500	(500)
2,348,796	2,348,796	2,342,620	6,176
(713,996)	(713,996)	6,176	720,172
(713,996)	(713,996)	6,176	720,172
741,142	741,142	741,142	
\$ 27,146	27,146	747,318	720,172
	Original \$ - 1,634,800 1,634,800 440,000 1,904,796 4,000 2,348,796 (713,996) (713,996) 741,142	\$ 1,634,800	Original Final Actual Amounts \$ - 713,996 1,634,800 1,634,800 1,634,800 1,634,800 2,348,796 440,000 440,000 440,000 1,904,796 1,904,796 1,898,120 4,000 4,000 4,500 2,348,796 2,348,796 2,342,620 (713,996) (713,996) 6,176 (741,142 741,142 741,142

Tooele County, Utah Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Debt Service For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Revenues Interest on investments S - - 7,820 7,820 7,820 Total revenues - - 7,820 7,820 7,820 Expenditures - - 7,820 7,820 7,820 Expenditures - - 7,820 <		Budgeted A	Amounts		
Total revenues					
Expenditures - - 7,820 7,820 Expenditures Debt Service - - - 7,820 7,820 Principal 215,460 215,460 215,460 - - Interest 40,120 40,120 40,088 32 Bond costs 500 500 2,500 (2,000) Total expenditures 256,080 256,080 258,048 (1,968) Excess revenues over (under) expenditures (256,080) (256,080) (250,228) 5,852 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Total other financing sources and (uses) 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Net change in fund balance - - 5,852 5,852 Fund balances - beginning of year 378,347 378,347 378,347 -	Revenues				
Expenditures Debt Service Principal 215,460 215,460 215,460 - Interest 40,120 40,120 40,088 32 Bond costs 500 500 2,500 (2,000) Total expenditures 256,080 256,080 258,048 (1,968) Excess revenues over (under) expenditures (256,080) (256,080) (250,228) 5,852 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Total other financing sources and (uses) 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Net change in fund balance - - 5,852 5,852 Fund balances - beginning of year 378,347 378,347 378,347 -	Interest on investments	\$ -		7,820	7,820
Debt Service Principal 215,460 215,460 215,460 - 215,460 - 215,460 - 215,460 - 215,460 - 215,460 - 215,460 - 215,460 - 215,460 - 215,460 - 250,000 -	Total revenues			7,820	7,820
Principal 215,460 215,460 215,460 - Interest 40,120 40,120 40,088 32 Bond costs 500 500 2,500 (2,000) Total expenditures 256,080 256,080 258,048 (1,968) Excess revenues over (under) expenditures (256,080) (256,080) (250,228) 5,852 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Total other financing sources and (uses) 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Net change in fund balance - - 5,852 5,852 Fund balances - beginning of year 378,347 378,347 378,347 -	Expenditures				
Interest Bond costs 40,120 500 500 500 2,500 (2,000) Total expenditures 256,080 256,080 258,048 (1,968) Excess revenues over (under) expenditures (256,080) (256,080) (250,228) 5,852 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in 256,080 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Total other financing sources and (uses) 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Net change in fund balance - - 5,852 5,852 Fund balances - beginning of year 378,347 378,347 378,347 378,347 - -	Debt Service				
Bond costs 500 500 2,500 (2,000) Total expenditures 256,080 256,080 258,048 (1,968) Excess revenues over (under) expenditures (256,080) (256,080) (250,228) 5,852 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Operating transfers in 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Total other financing sources and (uses) 256,080 256,080 - - Net change in fund balance - - 5,852 5,852 Fund balances - beginning of year 378,347 378,347 378,347 -	Principal	215,460	215,460	215,460	-
Total expenditures 256,080 256,080 258,048 (1,968) Excess revenues over (under) expenditures (256,080) (256,080) (250,228) 5,852 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Operating transfers in 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Total other financing sources and (uses) 256,080 256,080 - - Net change in fund balance - - 5,852 5,852 Fund balances - beginning of year 378,347 378,347 378,347 -	Interest	40,120	40,120	40,088	32
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures (256,080) (256,080) (250,228) 5,852 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Total other financing sources and (uses) 256,080 256,080 - Net change in fund balance - 5,852 5,852 Fund balances - beginning of year 378,347 378,347 378,347 -	Bond costs	500	500	2,500	(2,000)
expenditures (256,080) (256,080) (250,228) 5,852 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Total other financing sources and (uses) 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Net change in fund balance - - 5,852 5,852 Fund balances - beginning of year 378,347 378,347 378,347 -	Total expenditures	256,080	256,080	258,048	(1,968)
expenditures (256,080) (256,080) (250,228) 5,852 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Total other financing sources and (uses) 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Net change in fund balance - - 5,852 5,852 Fund balances - beginning of year 378,347 378,347 378,347 -	Excess revenues over (under)				
Operating transfers in 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Total other financing sources and (uses) 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Net change in fund balance - - 5,852 5,852 Fund balances - beginning of year 378,347 378,347 378,347 -	· · · ·	(256,080)	(256,080)	(250,228)	5,852
Operating transfers in 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Total other financing sources and (uses) 256,080 256,080 256,080 - Net change in fund balance - - 5,852 5,852 Fund balances - beginning of year 378,347 378,347 378,347 -	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net change in fund balance - - 5,852 5,852 Fund balances - beginning of year 378,347 378,347 378,347 -		256,080	256,080	256,080	-
Fund balances - beginning of year 378,347 378,347 -	Total other financing sources and (uses)	256,080	256,080	256,080	
	Net change in fund balance	-	-	5,852	5,852
Fund balances - end of year \$ 378,347 378,347 384,199 5,852	Fund balances - beginning of year	378,347	378,347	378,347	
	Fund balances - end of year	\$ 378,347	378,347	384,199	5,852

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - MBA Jail

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Budgete	d Amounts			
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Interest on investments	\$					
interest on investments	Ф					
Total revenues		_		-		
Expenditures						
Capital outlay		-		_		
Total expenditures		_		-		
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		-				
Net change in fund balance		-	-	-	-	
Fund balances - beginning of year		162,189	162,189	162,189		
Fund balances - end of year	\$	162,189	162,189	162,189		

Tooele County, Utah Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2015

	Service	Central	
	Equipment	Stores	Total
Assets			
Current assets	\$ 1,577,656	29,249	1,606,905
Cash and cash equivalents Inventory	\$ 1,377,030	10,471	1,000,903
•		10,471	10,471
Total current assets	1,577,656	39,720	1,617,376
Noncurrent assets			
Equipment	383,598	-	383,598
Less: accumulated depreciation	(378,546)		(378,546)
Total noncurrent assets	5,052		5,052
Total assets	1,582,708	39,720	1,622,428
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable			
and accrued liabilities	15,000	35,150	50,150
Total current liabilities	15,000	35,150	50,150
Total liabilities	15,000	35,150	50,150
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	5,052	-	5,052
Unrestricted	1,562,656	4,570	1,567,226
Total net position	1,567,708	4,570	1,572,278
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 1,582,708	39,720	1,622,428

Tooele County, Utah
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Internal Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Service quipment	Central Stores	Total	
Operating Revenues	ф	22.450	100.016	1 6 7 9 9 7	
Assessments	\$	32,479	132,816	165,295	
Total operating revenues		32,479	132,816	165,295	
Operating Expenses					
Maintenance and supplies		10,493	129,714	140,207	
Depreciation and amortization		32,527		32,527	
Total operating expenses		43,020	129,714	172,734	
Operating income (loss)		(10,541)	3,102	(7,439)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Interest revenue		11,384	165	11,549	
Total nonoperating					
Revenues (expenses)		11,384	165	11,549	
Income before transfers		843	3,267	4,110	
Change in net position		843	3,267	4,110	
Net position - beginning of year		1,566,865	1,303	1,568,168	
Net position - end of year	\$	1,567,708	4,570	1,572,278	

Tooele County, Utah Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Service	Central		
	Eq	quipment	Stores	Total	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Receipts from assessments to businesses and others	\$	32,479	132,816	165,295	
Payments to suppliers		4,507	(95,758)	(91,251)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		36,986	37,058	74,044	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities					
Transfers from other funds			_		
Net cash provided (used)					
by noncapital financing activities					
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Ac	<u>etiviti</u>	es			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets					
Net cash provided (used)					
by capital financing activities					
Cash Flows From Investing Activities					
Interest and dividends received		11,384	165	11,549	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		11,384	165	11,549	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		48,370	37,223	85,593	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		1,529,286	(7,974)	1,521,312	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 1,577,656		29,249	1,606,905	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Pro (Used) by Operating Activities	ovideo	<u>l</u>			
Operating income	\$	(10,541)	3,102	(7,439)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	h				
provided (used) by operating activities					
Depreciation expense		32,527	-	32,527	
(Increase) decrease in inventory		-	(1,194)	(1,194)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		15,000	35,150	50,150	
Total adjustments		47,527	33,956	81,483	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	36,986	37,058	74,044	

Tooele County, Utah Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets & Liabilities Agency Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	A	County General gency Fund	Treasurer's Tax Fund	Total
Assets			10.070.410	-1.070.000
Cash and cash equivalents Other receivable	\$	1,101,215	19,958,618	21,059,833
Total assets	\$	1,101,215	19,958,618	21,059,833
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Taxes payable	\$	-	19,958,618	19,958,618
Developer bonds payable		243,188	-	243,188
Court bail bonds payable		487,734	-	487,734
Due to other entities		370,293		370,293
Total liabilities	\$	1,101,215	19,958,618	21,059,833

Tooele County, Utah
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets & Liabilities
Agency Fund Types
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Balance January 1, 2015 Additions			Deductions	Balance December 31, 2015	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents - General Agency	\$	1,031,509	4,270,799	(4,201,093)	1,101,215	
Cash and cash equivalents - Treasurer's Tax Fund	Ψ	20,161,293	64,785,612	(64,988,287)	19,958,618	
Total assets	\$	21,192,802	69,056,411	(69,189,380)	21,059,833	
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Taxes payable - Treasurer's Tax Fund	\$	20,161,293	64,785,612	(64,988,287)	19,958,618	
Developer bonds payable		235,031	395,767	(387,610)	243,188	
Court bail bonds payable		401,990	657,766	(572,022)	487,734	
Due to other entities		394,488	3,217,266	(3,241,461)	370,293	
Total liabilities	\$	21,192,802	69,056,411	(69,189,380)	21,059,833	

Tooele County, Utah Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements - Treasurer's Collection Account For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Treasurer's				Treasurer's
	Balance December 31, 2014	Collection Receipts	Amounts Apportioned	Distributions	Balance December 31, 2015
Tax Collection Accounts					-
Current year taxes & assessments		\$ 51,610,222	(51,610,222)		
Fee in lieu		3,637,269	(3,637,269)		
Redemptions of prior year tax		1,821,985	(1,821,985)		
Penalties, interest, and cost		136,994	(136,994)		
Other collections and refunds		7,624,017	(7,624,017)		
Total Collections		64,830,487	(64,830,487)		
County General Fund	1,989,882		5,466,110	6,008,745	1,447,247
County Municipal Fund	467,852		1,484,883	1,435,521	517,214
School Districts	,		, - ,	,,-	,
Tooele County - Basic	1,499,752		6,242,812	5,952,310	1,790,254
Tooele County - Local	9,247,821		29,063,399	30,203,570	8,107,650
Assessing and Collecting					
A/C State	23,648		49,895	61,670	11,873
A/C County	562,957		1,934,450	1,808,486	688,921
Cities and Towns					
Tooele City	3,883,043		2,716,162	6,073,861	525,344
Grantsville City	251,605		1,472,871	1,398,501	325,975
Wendover City	86,262		180,766	206,331	60,697
Stockton Town	14,995		74,681	76,787	12,889
Vernon Town	3,664		8,360	9,235	2,789
Ophir Town	106		534	501	139
Rush Valley Town	-		28,174	14,367	13,807
Other Districts					
Lakepoint Improvement District	6,811		15,336	18,140	4,007
Stansbury Park Improvement District	8,760		51,347	53,620	6,487
Tooele Valley Mosquito Abatement District	200,169		639,858	666,196	173,831
Stansbury Greenbelt Service Area	78,680		487,085	506,665	59,100
Stansbury Recreation Service Area	78,674		486,286	506,045	58,915
No. Tooele County Fire Service District	331,291		923,330	925,630	328,991
Rush Valley Water Conservancy District	8,067		12,784	14,103	6,748
Lakepoint Cemetery and Park Service Area	13,246		32,125	36,196	9,175
No. Tooele City Special Service District	5,293		34,081	33,647	5,727
South Rim Special Service District	2,513		6,765	8,169	1,109
Total Due to Taxing Units	18,765,091		51,412,093	56,018,295	14,158,889

Tooele County, Utah Schedule of Receipts and Disbursements -**Treasurer's Collection Account - continued** For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Treasurer's Balance December 31, 2014	Collection Receipts	Amounts Apportioned	Distributions	Treasurer's Balance December 31, 2015
Other					
Tooele City RDA	172,150		2,150,319	1,503,681	818,789
County General RDA	178,478		865.948	881.297	163,129
School Basic RDA	160,596		1,125,273	969.380	316.489
School Local RDA	925,098		4,355,935	4,657,294	623,739
A/C State RDA	1,471		6,673	7,191	953
A/C County RDA	56,361		258,891	278,258	36,994
Municipal Services RDA	-		263,618	258,269	5,350
No. Tooele County Fire Service District RDA	33,047		209,125	237,931	4,241
Tooele Valley Mosquito Abatement District EDP	27,211		109,021	134,022	2,210
Stansbury Park Improvement District RDA	14,726		1,431	15,407	750
Stansbury Greenbelt Service Area RDA	1,229		14,399	8,081	7,547
Stansbury Recreation Service Area RDA	12,347		14,382	19,182	7,547
Woodbury Corporation RDA	-		142,370	-	142,370
ATI RDA			3,669,622		3,669,622
Total Other	1,582,714		13,187,007	8,969,992	5,799,729
Total	20,347,805		64,599,100	64,988,287	19,958,618
Refunds	-		44,875	-	-
Other	-		-	-	-
Carryover	(186,512)		186,512		
Grand Total	\$ 20,161,293	64,830,487	(0)	64,988,287	19,958,618

Tooele County, Utah Statement of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Distributed For the 2015 Property Tax Year

	Year-End Real Property & Centrally Assessed Values Year-End Personal Property Values					Property Tax Calculation					
							Current	Prior	Real Property & Centrally	Personal	Total
		Centrally		Personal		Entity Total	Year	Year	Assessed Tax	Property Tax	Taxes
	Real Property	Assessed	Total	Property	Total	Adjusted Value	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Charged	Charged	Charged
Taxing Units											
County Funds											
General	\$ 2,783,186,917	\$ 793,451,225	\$ 3,576,638,142	\$ 461,785,472	\$ 461,785,472	\$ 4,038,423,614	0.001476	0.001577	\$ 5,279,118	\$ 728,236	\$ 6,007,354
Assessing & collecting	2,783,186,917	793,451,225	3,576,638,142	461,785,472	461,785,472	4,038,423,614	0.000466	0.000498	1,666,713	229,969	1,896,682
Municipal type service	1,026,026,389	693,241,304	1,719,267,693	327,920,562	327,920,562	2,047,188,255	0.000840	0.000855	1,444,185	280,372	1,724,557
School Districts											
Tooele County - Basic	2,783,186,917	793,451,225	3,576,638,142	461,785,472	461,785,472	4,038,423,614	0.001736	0.001419	6,209,043	655,274	6,864,317
Tooele County - Local	2,783,186,917	793,451,225	3,576,638,142	461,785,472	461,785,472	4,038,423,614	0.007857	0.008174	28,101,646	3,774,634	31,876,280
State Assessing & Collecting	2,783,186,917	793,451,225	3,576,638,142	461,785,472	461,785,472	4,038,423,614	0.000013	0.000158	42,920	6,003	48,923
Cities and Towns											
Tooele City	1,218,231,148	54,871,394	1,273,102,542	76,494,552	76,494,552	1,349,597,094	0.002203	0.002310	2,804,645	176,702	2,981,347
Grantsville City	455,144,747	18,070,027	473,214,774	52,793,657	52,793,657	526,008,431	0.002585	0.003235	1,223,260	170,787	1,394,047
Wendover City	39,173,019	11,000,264	50,173,283	4,138,600	4,138,600	54,311,883	0.003245	0.003268	162,812	13,525	176,337
Stockton Town	19,679,435	3,065,587	22,745,022	195,686	195,686	22,940,708	0.002828	0.002833	64,322	554	64,876
Vernon Town	5,819,729	1,945,209	7,764,938	151,226	151,226	7,916,164	0.000894	0.000877	6,942	133	7,075
Ophir Town	5,767,722	43,273	5,810,995	13,265	13,265	5,824,260	0.000089	0.000090	517	1	518
Rush Valley Town	13,344,729	11,214,167	24,558,896	77,923	77,923	24,636,819	0.001055	0.001064	25,910	83	25,993
Other Districts											
Lakepoint Improvement District	79,219,904	10,645,596	89,865,500	6,910,179	6,910,179	96,775,679	0.000154	0.000162	13,839	1,119	14,958
Stansbury Park Improvement District	391,985,052	10,374,044	402,359,096	4,200,833	4,200,833	406,559,929	0.000120	0.000125	48,283	525	48,808
Tooele Valley Mosquito Abatement District	1,357,890,194	351,316,773	1,709,206,967	349,328,464	349,328,464	2,058,535,431	0.000347	0.000381	593,095	133,094	726,189
Stansbury Greenbelt Service Area	372,363,988	6,710,007	379,073,995	4,202,945	4,202,945	383,276,940	0.001208	0.001256	457,922	5,279	463,201
Stansbury Recreation Service Area	372,363,988	6,710,007	379,073,995	4,202,945	4,202,945	383,276,940	0.001206	0.001256	457,163	5,279	462,442
No. Tooele County Fire Service District	972,634,914	358,888,472	1,331,523,386	320,505,497	320,505,497	1,652,028,883	0.000666	0.000704	886,795	225,636	1,112,431
Rush Valley Water Conservancy District	62,270,834	116,001,187	178,272,021	4,427,990	4,427,990	182,700,011	0.000068	0.000072	12,122	319	12,441
Lakepoint Cemetery and Park Service Area	72,320,855	10,613,280	82,934,135	6,745,427	6,745,427	89,679,562	0.000349	0.000365	28,944	2,462	31,406
No. Tooele City Special Service District	94,500,583	2,058,779	96,559,362	1,001,162	1,001,162	97,560,524	0.000349	0.000361	33,700	361	34,061
South Rim Special Service District	28,336,644	1,484,649	29,821,293	57,940	57,940	29,879,233	0.000223	0.000236	6,652	14	6,666
GRAND TOTAL									\$ 49,570,548	\$ 6,410,361	\$ 55,980,909

Tooele County, Utah Statement of Taxes Charged, Collected, and Distributed For the 2015 Property Tax Year

		Treasurer's Relief			Net Taxes Coli	Net Taxes Collected Other Collections							
	Total	Unpaid	Trousuro	5 Itelier		and Apportio	_	Fee in	Misc.	Delinque	encies	Tax Income	Total
	Taxes Charged	Taxes	Abatements	Other	Total	Amount	Percent	Lieu	Collections	Tax	Int/Pen	Paid	Distribution
Taxing Units										•			
County Funds													
General	\$ 6,007,354	\$ 231,387	\$ 95,867	\$ 124,002	\$ 451,257	\$ 5,556,097	92.49%	\$ 378,670	\$ 9,722 \$	192,291	\$ 14,438	\$ 685,108	\$ 5,466,110
Assessing & collecting	1,896,682	73,053	30,267	39,150	142,470	1,754,212	92.49%	119,553	3,069	60,709	4,558	7,652	1,934,450
Municipal type service	1,724,557	47,149	13,415	860	61,424	1,663,133	96.44%	59,297	(1,000)	26,635	1,987	265,169	1,484,883
School Districts													
Tooele County - Basic	6,864,317	272,147	112,754	167,296	552,197	6,312,120	91.96%	445,374	11,434	226,164	16,981	769,260	6,242,812
Tooele County - Local	31,876,280	1,231,715	510,316	757,170	2,499,201	29,377,079	92.16%	2,015,727	51,750	1,023,598	76,856	3,481,612	29,063,399
State Assessing & Collecting	48,923	1,881	780	1,009	3,670	45,253	92.50%	3,078	79	1,564	118	197	49,895
Cities and Towns													
Tooele City	2,981,347	148,054	79,730	183,411	411,195	2,570,152	86.21%	283,123	17,154	154,464	10,544	319,274	2,716,162
Grantsville City	1,394,047	66,172	26,753	(644)	92,281	1,301,766	93.38%	116,837	(252)	56,807	4,917	7,204	1,472,871
Wendover City	176,337	15,098	-	-	15,098	161,239	91.44%	11,142	(176)	8,833	1,130	1,403	180,766
Stockton Town	64,876	5,878	3,782	(3)	9,656	55,220	85.12%	12,461	123	6,837	668	628	74,681
Vernon Town	7,075	343	282	(14)	612	6,463	91.35%	1,238	75	595	71	83	8,360
Ophir Town	518	21	20	-	42	476	91.93%	25	(1)	32	2	-	534
Rush Valley Town	25,993	503	588	-	1,091	24,902	95.80%	2,895	26	332	47	28	28,174
Other Districts													
Lakepoint Improvement District	14,958	851	211	-	1,062	13,896	92.90%	1,090	(113)	471	32	39	15,336
Stansbury Park Improvement District	48,808	954	1,103	211	2,268	46,540	95.35%	4,697	129	1,308	94	1,421	51,347
Tooele Valley Mosquito Abatement District	726,189	21,682	9,526	4,277	35,484	690,705	95.11%	40,264	(169)	17,905	1,464	110,312	639,858
Stansbury Greenbelt Service Area	463,201	9,406	10,920	2,114	22,440	440,761	95.16%	46,985	1,300	11,519	825	14,306	487,085
Stansbury Recreation Service Area	462,442	9,391	10,902	2,111	22,403	440,039	95.16%	46,907	1,298	11,500	824	14,282	486,286
No. Tooele County Fire Service District	1,112,431	23,365	9,788	8,375	41,528	1,070,903	96.27%	43,604	(898)	17,875	1,275	209,430	923,330
Rush Valley Water Conservancy District	12,441	506	173	-	679	11,762	94.54%	613	8	420	45	64	12,784
Lakepoint Cemetery and Park Service Area	31,406	1,929	426	-	2,354	29,052	92.50%	2,456	(256)	907	55	89	32,125
No. Tooele City Special Service District	34,061	735	1,011	-	1,746	32,315	94.87%	971	143	855	42	245	34,081
South Rim Special Service District	6,666	298	232	-	530	6,136	92.05%	261	80	363	20	96	6,765
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 55,980,909	\$ 2,162,518	\$ 918,845	\$ 1,289,323	\$ 4,370,687	\$ 51,610,222	. =	\$ 3,637,269	\$ 93,525 \$	1,821,985	\$ 136,994	\$ 5,887,903	\$ 51,412,093

OTHER REPORTS

Ulrich & Associates, PC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable County Commission Tooele County, Utah

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tooele County, Utah, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, which collectively comprise Tooele County, Utah's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 20, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Tooele County, Utah's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Tooele County, Utah's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tooele County, Utah's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Tooele County, Utah's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ulrich + Associates, P.C.

Ogden, UT July 20, 2016

Ulrich & Associates, PC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY *UNIFORM GUIDANCE*

The Honorable County Commission Tooele County, Utah

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Tooele County, Utah's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Tooele County, Utah's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2015. Tooele County, Utah's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Tooele County, Utah's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Tooele County, Utah's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Tooele County, Utah's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Tooele County, Utah complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Tooele County, Utah is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Tooele County, Utah's, internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tooele County, Utah's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Tooele County, Utah's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Tooele County, Utah 's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ulrich + Associates, P.C.

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Tooele County, Utah Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Federal		Grant	Expenditures
	CFDA	Grant	Expend-	to
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program	Number	Number	itures	Subrecipients
	Trumber	- Tumoer	nuics	Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed Through Utah Department of Human Services				
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	122444	\$ 57,091	57,091
SAPT Block Grant	93.959	13-0350/ 16-0235	388,779	388,779
SMHS Block Grant	93.958	12-2399 16-0236	61,941	61,941
Transitional Mental Health	93.243	10-1600	91,998	91,998
Title VII, Long-term Care Ombudsman Services for				
Older Individuals	93.042	14-2452/16-0425	3,646	
Title III, PT F, Disease Prevention and Health Promo				
Services	93.043	14-2452/16-0425	2,798	
Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and				
Seniors - AAD/PDS	93.044	14-2452/16-0425	51,578	
Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services - HDM	93.045	14-2452/16-0425	39,865	
Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services - CMM	93.045	14-2452/16-0425	75,218	
PHEP - Ebola	93.074	150344/152700474	18,294	
PHHS Boost	93.758	162700420	30,706	
Health Insurance Counseling	93.779	14-2452/16-0425	17,432	
Respite Program	93.052	14-2452/16-0425	21,690	
Medicaid Waiver HCFA	93.667	14-2461/16-0504	7,343	
Medicaid Waiver Admin	93.667	14-2461/16-0504	10,000	
Alternatives - State	93.667	14-2452/16-0425	25,917	
Passed Through Utah Department of Health				
LHD=ChEC	93.778	150616/162700279	15,772	
Choice of Health Care Delivery, Consumer Ed. &				
Assist.	93.778	150616/162700524	47,160	
Cancer Control Program	93.283	142243/152700527	8,480	
Cancer Control Program - be wise	93.283	142243/152700527	18,254	
FDA Tob Retail Inspections	93.283	142243/152700527	9,000	
Comprehensive Tobacco Program	93.283	142227/162700053	47,010	
Abstinence Only Education	93.235	152700140	45,771	
T.B. Medication Program	93.116	152700356	2,791	
STD Control	93.977	152700280	3,250	
HIV Aids Counseling and Education	93.940	152700290	1,500	
Immunization Program	93.268	152700255	180,145	
Health Care Preparedness (MRC)	93.889	150344/162700260	6,500	
Public Health Emergency Preparedness /biorterr.	93.069	150344/162700260	210,990	
City Readiness Initiative /panflu	93.069	150344/162700260	65,000	
Diabetes Today	93.757	152700348	262,717	
Arthritis/Chronic Disease	93.945	142228/162700550	6,875	
MCH and Child Injury Prevention	93.994	152700217/162700321	20,135	
MCH and Child Injury Prevention	93.994	152700217/162700321	3,113	
MCH Block Grant	93.994	152700006/162700349	50,903	
EPICC	93.991	142228/162700152	100,679	
ELC ACA Health Care Associated Infections	93.521	150877	6,482	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	, , , , , ,		2,016,823	599,809
2.3. 2.5. 2 spartitude of Fiends and Haman bot 1005			2,010,023	277,007

Tooele County, Utah Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Federal		Grant Expenditures
	CFDA	Grant	Expend- to
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program	Number	Number	itures Subrecipients
U.S Federal Emergency Management Agency Passed Through Utah Department of Public Safety Emergency Management Assistance Total U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency	97.042		\$ 12,875 12,875
U.S. Department of Agriculture / Food and Nutrition Service Passed Through Utah Department of Human Services	40.770		
Elderly Feeding Program, Cash-in-Lieu - CIH	10.550	14-2452/16-0425	11,568
Elderly Feeding Program, Cash-in-Lieu - CIC Passed Through Utah Department of Health	10.550	14-2452/16-0425	22,941
Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	141129/152700146	464,074
Women, Infants, and Children - vouchers	10.557	141129/152700146	753,849
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,252,432
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
CERT Planning Grant	97.067		16,893
Operations Planning	97.067		1,260
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			18,153
U.S. Department of Justice Passed Through the Utah Department of Human Services Children's Justice Grants to States Total U.S. Department of Justice	93.643	110199	96,292 96,292
U.S. Federal Aviation Administration / Airports Division Passed Through The State of Utah			
Runway Extension	20.106	DOT-FA13NM-1079	370,212
Snow Plow	20.106	DOT-FA14NM-1075	164,664
Rehabilitate Taxiway	20.106	DOT-FA15NM-1035	1,113,531
Total U.S. Federal Aviation Administration / Airports Division			1,648,407
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed Through Utah Division of Housing and Community Development Wasatch Front Regional Council - Pass Through	14.228		139,790
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.220		139,790
		Total federal expenditures	\$ 5,184,772 599,809

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Tooele County, Utah under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Tooele County, Utah, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, or statement of activities of Tooele County, Utah.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Tooele County, Utah has elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Summary of Audit Results				
Financial Statements:				
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting: -Material weaknesses identified -Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be Material weaknesses?	Yes Yes	xNo xNo		
Federal Awards:				
Internal control over major programs: -Material weaknesses identified -Significant deficiencies identified that are not	Yes	xNo		
considered to be Material weaknesses?	<u>x</u> Yes	No		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodifi	ed		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section <i>Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</i> .	Yes	x No		
Identification of major programs: <u>CFDA Number Name of Federallor</u> 10.557 Special Supple Infants, and Company of Substantian Supplemental Supplemental Supplemental Supplemental Substantian Substan	emental Nutrition	n Program for Women, Block Grant		
The dollar threshold for distinguishing Types A and B	programs was \$7	750,000.		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	x Yes	No		
Findings - Financial Statement Audit None				

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit - Prior year

Finding 2014-1 - Subrecipient Monitoring

Condition

Tooele County, Utah's monitoring system related to the A&D Substance Abuse SAPT Block Grant, in which they have a long-standing contract with a local not-for-profit, is not adequate.

Criteria

Internal controls related to subrecipient monitoring should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that the subrecipient is complying with laws, regulations, grants, and contracts.

Cause

There are no procedures in place to ensure that contracts with subrecipients are properly monitored.

Effect

Because of inadequate monitoring, there is a potential that subrecipients are not following guidelines set forth.

Recommendation

We recommend that policies and procedures be reviewed to ensure the proper monitoring of subrecipients of federal awards through Tooele County, Utah. Procedures should include review of financial and performance reports provided by the subrecipient, site visits, and regular contact with responsible parties.

Management response

The County Commission and County Auditor will take the necessary steps to ensure proper monitoring, and documenting of those procedures.

Corrective action plan

The County is working to inform responsible employees of the need to monitor subrecipients, identify the appropriate monitoring procedures, and to properly document those activities.

Responsible party

The County Commission

Status

Ulrich & Associates, PC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE COMPLIANCE AUDIT GUIDE ON: - COMPLIANCE WITH GENERAL STATE COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS - INTERENAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

The Honorable County Commission Tooele County, Utah

Report On Compliance with General State Compliance Requirements

We have audited Tooele County, Utah's compliance with the general compliance requirements described in the *State of Utah Compliance Audit Guide*, issued by the Office of the Utah State Auditor, for the year ended December 31, 2015.

General state compliance requirements were tested for the year ended December 31, 2015 in the following areas:

Budgetary Compliance
Fund Balance
Justice Courts
Utah Retirement Systems Compliance
Restricted Taxes and Related Revenues
Open and Public Meetings Act
Treasurer's Bond

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Tooele County, Utah's compliance based on our audit of the compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *State Compliance Audit Guide*. Those standards and the *State Compliance Audit Guide* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on Tooele County, Utah and its major programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Tooele County, Utah's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with general state compliance requirements and for each major state program. However, out audit does not provide a legal determination of Tooele County's compliance.

Opinion on General State Compliance Requirements and Each Major State Program

In our opinion, Tooele County, Utah complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above that could have a direct and material effect on the County or on each of its major state programs for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed other instances of noncompliance with those requirements, which are required to be reported in accordance with the *State Compliance Audit Guide* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Tooele County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Tooele County's internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements that could have a direct and material effect on Tooele County or on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance with general state compliance requirements and for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *State Compliance Audit Guide*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tooele County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a general state or major state program compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Tooele County, Utah's Response to Findings

Tooele County, Utah's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. Tooele County, Utah's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of integral control and compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirement of the *State Compliance Audit Guide*. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ogden, UT

Ulrich + Associates. P.C.

July 20, 2016

State Legal Compliance - Schedule of Findings and Recommendations For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

Statement of Condition - 2015-1

Budgetary Compliance: Various funds exceeded budgeted total fund expenditures at year end.

Criteria

State Law requires that officers or employees of the entity do not incur expenditures or encumbrances in excess of the total appropriation for any fund.

Cause

Because multiple transactions were not entered on a timely basis, adopted budgets were insufficient to cover the needs of the various funds.

Effect

The County is not in compliance with budget requirements.

Recommendation

We recommend that transactions be recorded on a timely basis so that adequate budgets can be prepared in the future.

Response

We concur with the recommendation and will work to improve the recording of transactions on a timely basis in the future.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

Statement of Condition - 2014 -1

Cash Management: The County did not include cash balances relating to debt reserve and landfill closure requirements in the amount of approximately \$2 million.

Criteria

State Law requires that the public treasurer file a written report at year end that contains information on the deposits and investments of the entity. This form is used by the Money Management Council to determine if the entity is in compliance with the Money Management Act.

Cause

Because the debt reserve statements are delivered to another department in the County, the proper amounts were omitted.

Effect

The County is not in compliance with cash management requirements.

Recommendation

We recommend that the County review and include all cash balances on the year end report. This would require all departments to be aware of the state requirements and communicate the information to the public treasurer in a timely manner.

Response

We concur with the recommendation and will work to improve the recording of cash balances on the year end report as required.

Status

State Legal Compliance - Schedule of Findings and Recommendations - continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Statement of Condition - 2014-2

Significant Deficiency

State Grants, Contracts, and Loans: Tooele County, Utah's monitoring system related to the A&D Substance Abuse grant and Mental Health grant, in which they have a long standing contract with a local not-for-profit, is not adequate.

Criteria

Internal controls related to subrecipient monitoring should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that the subrecipient is complying with laws, regulations, grants, and contracts.

Cause

There are no procedures in place to ensure that contracts with subrecipients are properly monitored.

Effect

Because of inadequate monitoring, there is a potential that subrecipients are not following guidelines set forth.

Recommendation

We recommend that policies and procedures be reviewed to ensure the proper monitoring of subrecipients of federal awards through Tooele County, Utah. Procedures should include review of financial and performance reports provided by the subrecipient, site visits, and regular contact with responsible parties.

Management response

The County Commission and County Auditor will take the necessary steps to ensure proper monitoring, and documenting of those procedures. The Director of the Health Department will represent the County and perform regular site visits to the subrecipient. The County Auditor will set up a more detailed chart of accounts to provide transparency for the transactions. The County Auditor will maintain written agreements and coordinate with the County Commission on the approval of the agreements between the subrecipient and the County. The County Auditor will request a copy of the annual audited financial statements of the sub recipient and review the information provided.

Status

State Legal Compliance - Schedule of Findings and Recommendations - continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Statement of Condition - 2014-3

Justice Courts: Records relating to credits and dismissal of charges at the Justice Court are not being kept according to State record retention laws.

Criteria

Governments are required to keep all records according to General Records Retention Schedules provided by the State Archives and Records Services.

Cause

Because of a Judge's misunderstanding of record retention laws, certain case files relating to minor offenses being kept at the justice court were destroyed before state law allows.

Effect

County is out of compliance with records retention laws. Also, the lack of records limited testing of Justice Court compliance.

Recommendation

Management should remind employees of already established records retention policies and laws, and find other ways to store records to ensure that they are being kept according to those policies and laws.

Response

We concur with the recommendation and will establish procedures to comply.

Status

Corrected

Statement of Condition - 2014-4

Budgetary Compliance: Detailed financial information was not provided to the County Commission on a quarterly basis.

Criteria

State Law requires that management provide quarterly financial reports to the County Commission in sufficient detail for the commission to make decisions.

Cause

The County Commission was not provided with detailed financial that includes revenues and expenditures to date by category and department, for each active fund.

Effect

The County is not in compliance with reporting requirements.

Recommendation

We recommend that the County review procedures to ensure complete and accurate reports are available to the County Commission. These reports should be for each fund, by category (property taxes, sales taxes, etc.), including budget to actual, and by department or function.

Response

We concur with the recommendation and will establish procedures to comply.

Status

State Legal Compliance - Schedule of Findings and Recommendations - continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Statement of Condition - 2014-5

Budgetary Compliance: Various funds exceeded budgeted total fund expenditures at year end.

Criteria

State Law requires that officers or employees of the entity do not incur expenditures or encumbrances in excess of the total appropriation for any fund.

Cause

Because multiple transactions were not entered on a timely basis, adopted budgets were insufficient to cover the needs of the various funds.

Effect

The County is not in compliance with budget requirements.

Recommendation

We recommend that transactions be recorded on a timely basis so that adequate budgets can be prepared in the future.

Response

We concur with the recommendation and will work to improve the recording of transactions on a timely basis in the future.

Status

Uncorrected, see finding 2015-1.

Statement of Condition - 2014-6

Fund Balance: The County's Human Services Fund has fund balance in a deficit position.

Criteria

State Law requires that all funds maintain a positive fund balance.

Cause

Because multiple transactions were not entered on a timely basis, amounts needed to cover pending transactions were not transferred by year end.

Effect

The County is not in compliance with fund balance requirements.

Recommendation

We recommend that transactions be recorded on a timely basis so that adequate transfers can be prepared in the future.

Response

We concur with the recommendation and will work to improve the recording of transactions on a timely basis in the future.

Status